

K S R Institute for Engineering and Technology

Tiruchengode, Namakkal(Dt), Tamil Nadu
(Approved by AICTE New Delhi & Affiliated to Anna University Chennai)
BE (CSE,EEE,ECE,Mech)&B.Tech (IT) Programmes are Accredited by NBA

1.3.1. Institution integrates crosscutting issues relevant to Professional Ethics, Gender, Human Values, Environment and Sustainability into the curriculum.

S. No.	Details	Page No.
1.	List of courses integrate with crosscutting issues	1-58
2.	Implementation of activities related to Human Values, Environment and Sustainability through field works by students.	59-71

1. List of courses integrate with crosscutting issues

S. No.	Subject Code	Subject Name	Integrate with crosscutting issues
1.	GE8076	Professional Ethics in Engineering	Professional Ethics
2.	GE8291	Environmental Science and Engineering	Environment and Sustainability
3.	OMD552	Hospital Waste Management	Environment and Sustainability
4.	GE 8071	Disaster Management	Environment and Sustainability
5.	MG6071	Entrepreneurship Development	Human Values
6.	OME754	Industrial Safety	Environment and Sustainability
7.	ME2023	Renewable Sources of Energy	Environment and Sustainability
8.	GE8074	Human Rights	Human Values
9,	EE8016	Energy Management and Auditing	Environment and Sustainability
10,	GE8075	Intellectual Property Rights	Professional Ethics
11.	CC7201	Design For Manufacture, Assembly and Environments	Environment and Sustainability

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2. R2017 - List of courses address the Ethics, Gender, Human Values, Environmental Sustainability and Syllabus.

- 1. GE8076 Professional Ethics in Engineering
- 2. GE8291- Environmental Science and Engineering
- 3. MG8591 Principles of Management
- 4. GE8077 Total Quality Management
- 5. OMD552 Hospital Waste Management
- 6. GE 8071 Disaster Management
- 7. MG8091 Entrepreneurship Development
- 8. OME754 Industrial Safety
- 9. OME553 Industrial Safety Engineering
- 10, ME8072 Renewable Sources of Energy
- 11. ORO551 Renewable Energy Sources
- 12. OEE752 Introduction to Renewable Energy Systems
- 13. GE8074 Human Rights
- 14. EE8016 Energy Management and Auditing
- 15. OBT551 Introduction to Bioenergy and Biofuels
- 16. GE8075 Intellectual Property Rights
- 17. CC7201 Design For Manufacture, Assembly and Environments
- 18. OCE551- Air Pollution and Control Engineering
- 19. OME551 Energy Conservation and Management
- 20. OG1751 Climate Change and its Impact
- 21. OCH752 Energy Technology
- 22. OCE751 Environmental and Social Impact Assessment
- 23. OEN751 Green Building Design.
- 24. OCY751 Waste Water Treatment
- 25. OAI752 Integrated Water Resources Management
- 26. OMF751 Lean Six Sigma

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Regulation 2017

GE8076

PROFESSIONAL ETHICS IN ENGINEERING

LTPC 3003

OBJECTIVE:

To enable the students to create an awareness on Engineering Ethics and Human Values, to instill Moral and Social Values and Loyalty and to appreciate the rights of others.

UNIT I HUMAN VALUES

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Morals, values and Ethics Integrity Work ethic Service learning Civic virtue Respect for others Living peacefully Caring Sharing Honesty Courage Valuing time Cooperation Commitment Empathy Self confidence Character Spirituality Introduction to Yoga and meditation for professional excellence and stress management.

UNIT II ENGINEERING ETHICS

Variety of moral issues Types of inquiry Moral dilemmas Moral Autonomy Consensus and Controversy Models of professional roles - Theories about right action Self-interest Customs and Religion Uses of Ethical Theories.

UNIT III ENGINEERING AS SOCIAL EXPERIMENTATION

Engineering as Experimentation Engineers as responsible Experimenters Codes of Ethics A Balanced Outlook on Law.

UNIT IV SAFETY, RESPONSIBILITIES AND RIGHTS

Safety and Risk Assessment of Safety and Risk Risk Benefit Analysis and Reducing Risk - Respect for Authority Collective Bargaining Confidentiality Conflicts of Interest Occupational Crime Professional Rights Employee Rights Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) Discrimination.

UNIT V GLOBAL ISSUES

Multinational Corporations Environmental Ethics Computer Ethics Weapons Development Engineers as Managers Consulting Engineers Engineers as Expert Witnesses and Advisors Moral Leadership Code of Conduct Corporate Social Responsibility.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the student should be able to apply ethics in society, discuss the ethical issues related to engineering and realize the responsibilities and rights in the society.

TEXT BOOKS:

1.Mike W. Martin and Roland Schinzinger," Ethics in Engineering" Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi 2003. 2.Govindarajan M, Natarajan S, Senthil Kumar V S, "Engineering Ethics", Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2004.

REFERENCES:

PRINCIPAL K. S. R. INSTITUTE FOR ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY. K. S. R. KALVI NAGAR, YIRUCHENGODE-637 215, NAMAKKAL DI, TAMIL NADU.

1. Charles B. Fleddermann, "Engineering Ethics", Pearson Prentice Hall, New Jersey, 2004.

 Charles E.Harris, Michael S.Pritchard and Michael J.Rabins, "Engineering Ethics - Concepts and Cases", Cengage Learning, 2009.

3. John R Boatright, "Ethics and the Conduct of Business", Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2003

 Edmund G Seebauer and Robert L Barry, "Fundamentals of Ethics for Scientists and Engineers", Oxford University Press, Oxford, 2001.

 Laura P. Hartman and Joe Desjardins, "Business Ethics: Decision Making for Personal Integrity and Social Responsibility" Mc Graw Hill education, India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2013

World Community Service Centre, "Value Education", Vethathiri Publications, Erode, 2011.

Web sources:

1. www.onlineethics.org

2. www.nspe.org

3. www.globalethics.org

4. www.ethics.org

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3003

OBJECTIVES:

- To the study of nature and the facts about environment.
- To find and implement scientific, technological, economic and political solutions to environmental
- To study the interrelationship between living organism and environment.
- To appreciate the importance of environment by assessing its impact on the human world envision the surrounding environment, its functions and its value.
- To study the integrated themes and biodiversity, natural resources, pollution control and waste management.

UNIT I ENVIRONMENT, ECOSYSTEMS AND BIODIVERSITY

14

Definition, Scope and Importance of Environment Need for Public Awareness - Concept of an Ecosystem Structure and Function of an Ecosystem Producers, Consumers and Decomposers Energy Flow in the Ecosystem Ecological Succession Food Chains, Food Webs and Ecological Pyramids Introduction, Types, Characteristic Features, Structure and Function of the (A) Forest Ecosystem (B) Grassland Ecosystem (C) Desert Ecosystem (D) Aquatic Ecosystems (Ponds, Streams, Lakes, Rivers, Oceans, Estuaries) Introduction to Biodiversity Definition: Genetic, Species and Ecosystem Diversity Bio geographical Classification of India Value of Biodiversity: Consumptive Use, Productive Use, Social, Ethical, Aesthetic and Option Values Biodiversity at Global, National and Local Levels India as a Mega-Diversity Nation Hot-Spots of Biodiversity Threats to Biodiversity: Habitat Loss, Poaching of Wildlife, Man-Wildlife Conflicts Endangered and Endemic Species of India Conservation of Biodiversity: In-Situ and Ex-Situ Conservation of Biodiversity. Field Study of Common Plants, Insects, Birds Field Study of Simple Ecosystems Pond, River, Hill Slopes, etc.

UNIT II ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION

Definition Causes, Effects and Control Measures of: (A) Air Pollution (B) Water Pollution (C)Soil Pollution (D) Marine Pollution (E) Noise Pollution (F) Thermal Pollution (G) Nuclear Hazards Soil Waste Management: Causes, Effects and Control Measures of Municipal Solid Wastes Role of an Individual in Prevention of Pollution Pollution Case Studies Disaster Management: Floods, Earthquake, Cyclone and Landslides. Field Study of Local Polluted Site Urban / Rural / Industrial / Agricultural.

UNIT III NATURAL RESOURCES

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Forest Resources: Use and Over-Exploitation, Deforestation, Case Studies - Timber Extraction, Mining, Dams and Their Effects on Forests and Tribal People Water Resources: Use and Over- Utilization of Surface and Ground Water, Floods, Drought, Conflicts Over Water, Dams-Benefits and Problems Mineral Resources: Use and Exploitation, Environmental Effects of Extracting and Using Mineral Resources, Case Studies Food Resources: World Food Problems, Changes Caused by Agriculture and Overgrazing, Effects of Modern Agriculture, Fertilizer-Pesticide Problems, Water Logging, Salinity, Case Studies Energy Resources: Growing Energy Needs, Renewable and Non Renewable Energy Sources, Use of Alternate Energy Sources. Case Studies Land Resources: Land as a Resource, Land Degradation, Man Induced Landslides, Soil Erosion and Desertification Role of an Individual in Conservation of Natural Resources Equitable Use of Resources for Sustainable Lifestyles. Field Study of Local Area to Document Environmental Assets River / Forest / Grassland / Hill / Mountain.

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UNIT IV SOCIAL ISSUES AND THE ENVIRONMENT

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From Unsustainable to Sustainable Development Urban Problems Related to Energy Water Conservation, Rain Water Harvesting, Watershed Management Resettlement and Rehabilitation of People; its Problems and Concerns, Case Studies Role of Non-Governmental Organization- Environmental Ethics: Issues and Possible Solutions Climate Change, Global Warming, Acid Rain, Ozone Layer Depletion, Nuclear Accidents and Holocaust, Case Studies. Wasteland Reclamation Consumerism and Waste Products Environment Production Act Air (Prevention And Control Of Pollution) Act Water (Prevention And Control Of Pollution) Act Wildlife Protection Act Forest Conservation Act Enforcement Machinery Involved in Environmental Legislation- Central and State Pollution Control Boards- Public Awareness.

UNIT V HUMAN POPULATION AND THE ENVIRONMENT

6

Population Growth, Variation Among Nations Population Explosion Family Welfare Programme Environment and Human Health Human Rights Value Education HIV / AIDS Women and Child Welfare Role of Information Technology in Environment and Human Health Case Studies.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to:

- Environmental Pollution or problems cannot be solved by mere laws. Public participation is an
 important aspect which serves the environmental Protection. One will obtain knowledge on the
 following after completing the course.
- Public awareness of environment at infant stage.
- Ignorance and incomplete knowledge has lead to misconceptions.
- · Development and improvement in standard of living has lead to serious environmental disasters.

TEXT BOOKS:

- Gilbert M. Masters, Introduction to Environmental Engineering and Science" Second Edition, Pearson Education 2004.
- Benny Joseph, Environmental Science and Engineering Tata McGraw-Hill, 2006.

REFERENCES:

- R.K. Trivedi, "Handbook of Environmental Laws, Rules, Guidelines, Compliances Vol. I and II, Enviro Media.
- Cunningham, W.P. Cooper, T.H. Gorhani, "Environmental Encyclopedia", Jaico Publishing, 2001.
- 3. Dharmendra S. Sengar, "Environmental law", Prentice Hall, 2007.
- Rajagopalan R, "Environmental Studies-From Crisis to Cure", Oxford University Press 2005.

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OBJECTIVES:

☐ To enable the students to study the evolution of Management, to study the functions and principles of management and to learn the application of the principles in an organization.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO MANAGEMENT AND ORGANIZATIONS

Definition of Management - Science or Art - Manager Vs Entrepreneur - types of managers -managerial roles and skills - Evolution of Management - Scientific, human relations , system and contingency approaches - Types of Business organization - Sole proprietorship, partnership, company-public and private sector enterprises - Organization culture and Environment - Current trends and issues in Management.

UNIT II PLANNING

Nature and purpose of planning - planning process - types of planning - objectives - setting objectives policies - Planning premises - Strategic Management - Planning Tools and Techniques - Decision making steps and process.

UNIT III ORGANISING

Nature and purpose - Formal and informal organization - organization chart - organization structure types - Line and staff authority - departmentalization - delegation of authority - centralization and decentralization - Job Design - Human Resource Management - HR Planning, Recruitment, selection, Training and Development, Performance Management, Career planning and management

UNIT IV DIRECTING

Foundations of individual and group behaviour - motivation - motivation theories - motivational techniques - job satisfaction - job enrichment - leadership - types and theories of leadership communication - process of communication - barrier in communication - effective communication communication and IT.

UNIT V CONTROLLING

System and process of controlling - budgetary and non-budgetary control techniques - use of computers and IT in Management control - Productivity problems and management - control and performance direct and preventive control - reporting.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to have clear understanding of managerial functions like planning, organizing, staffing, leading & controlling and have same basic knowledge on international aspect of management

TEXTBOOKS:

- Stephen P. Robbins & Mary Coulter, —Managementl, Prentice Hall (India) Pvt. Ltd., 10th Edition, 2009.
- JAF Stoner, Freeman R.E and Daniel R Gilbert —Managementl, Pearson Education, 6th Edition, 2004. REFERENCES:
- Stephen A. Robbins & David A. Decenzo & Mary Coulter, —Fundamentals of Managementl Pearson Education, 7th Edition, 2011.

Robert Kreitner & Mamata Mohapatra, — Managementl, Biztantra, 2008.

Harold Koontz & Heinz Weihrich —Essentials of managementl Tata McGraw Hill, 1998.

Tripathy PC & Reddy PN, —Principles of Managementl, Tata McGraw Hill, 1999

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OBJECTIVE:

□ To facilitate the understanding of Quality Management principles and process.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9

Introduction - Need for quality - Evolution of quality - Definitions of quality - Dimensions of product and service quality - Basic concepts of TQM - TQM Framework - Contributions of Deming, Juran and Crosby - Barriers to TQM - Customer focus - Customer orientation, Customer satisfaction, Customer complaints, Customer retention.

UNIT II TOM PRINCIPLES

9

Leadership - Quality Statements, Strategic quality planning, Quality Councils - Employee involvement - Motivation, Empowerment, Team and Teamwork, Recognition and Reward, Performance appraisal - Continuous process improvement - PDCA cycle, 5S, Kaizen - Supplier partnership - Partnering, Supplier selection, Supplier Rating.

UNIT III TOM TOOLS AND TECHNIQUES 19

The seven traditional tools of quality - New management tools - Six sigma: Concepts, Methodology, applications to manufacturing, service sector including IT - Bench marking - Reason to bench mark, Bench marking process - FMEA - Stages, Types.

UNIT IV TOM TOOLS AND TECHNIQUES II 9

Quality Circles - Cost of Quality - Quality Function Deployment (QFD) - Taguchi quality loss function - TPM - Concepts, improvement needs - Performance measures.

UNIT V QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM 9 Introduction—Benefits of ISO Registration—ISO 9000 Series of Standards—Sector-Specific Standards—AS 9100, TS16949 and TL 9000— ISO 9001 Requirements—Implementation—Documentation—Internal Audits—Registration—

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT SYSTEM: Introduction—ISO 14000 Series Standards—Concepts of ISO 14001—Requirements of ISO 14001—Benefits of EMS.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOME:

☐ The student would be able to apply the tools and techniques of quality management to manufacturing and services processes.

TEXT BOOK:

 Dale H.Besterfiled, Carol B.Michna, Glen H. Besterfield, Mary B.Sacre, Hemant Urdhwareshe and Rashmi Urdhwareshe, —Total Quality Managementl, Pearson Education Asia, Revised Third Edition, Indian Reprint, Sixth Impression, 2013.

REFERENCES:

 James R. Evans and William M. Lindsay, "The Management and Control of Quality", 8th Edition, First Indian Edition, Cengage Learning, 2012.

 Janakiraman. B and Gopal .R.K., "Total Quality Management - Text and Cases", Prentice Hall (India) Pvt. Ltd., 2006.

Suganthi L and Anand Samuel, "Total Quality Management", Prentice Hall (India) Pvt. Ltd., 2006.

4. ISO9001-2015 standards

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OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- Know about the healthcare hazard control and accidents
- Understand biomedical waste management
- Learn the facility guidelines, infection control and patient safety.

UNIT I HEALTHCARE HAZARD CONTROL AND UNDERSTANDING ACCIDENTS Healthcare Hazard Control: Introduction, Hazard Control: Management & Responsibilities, Hazard Analysis, Hazard Correction, Personal Protective Equipment, Hazard Control Committees, Accident Causation Theories, Accident Reporting, Accident Investigations, Accident Analysis, Accident Prevention, Workers" Compensation, Orientation, Education, and Training.

UNIT II BIOMEDICAL WASTE MANAGEMENT

Biomedical Waste Management : Types of wastes, major and minor sources of biomedical waste, Categories and classification of biomedical waste, hazard of biomedical waste, need for disposal of biomedical waste, waste minimization, waste segregation and labeling, waste handling and disposal.

UNIT III HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

Hazardous Materials: Hazardous Substance Safety, OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, DOT Hazardous Material Regulations, Healthcare Hazardous Materials, Medical Gas Systems, Respiratory Protection.

UNIT IV FACILITY SAFETY

Introduction, Facility Guidelines: Institute, Administrative Area Safety, Slip, Trip, and Fall Prevention, Safety Signs, Colors, and Marking Requirements, Tool Safety, Electrical Safety, Control of Hazardous Energy, Landscape and Ground Maintenance, Fleet and Vehicle Safety.

UNIT V INFECTION CONTROL, PREVENTION AND PATIENT SAFETY

Healthcare Immunizations, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Disinfectants, Sterilants, and Antiseptics, OSHA Bloodborne Pathogens Standard, Tuberculosis, Healthcare Opportunistic Infections, Healthcare-Associated Infections, Medication Safety.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, the students will be able to know the concepts of healthcare waste management, its prevention and safety.

REFERENCES:

1. Tweedy, James T., Healthcare hazard control and safety management-CRC Press_Taylor and Francis

2. Anantpreet Singh, Sukhjit Kaur, Biomedical Waste Disposal, Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers (P) Ltd (2012).

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OBJECTIVES:

To provide students an exposure to disasters, their significance and types.

 To ensure that students begin to understand the relationship between vulnerability, disasters, disaster prevention and risk reduction

To gain a preliminary understanding of approaches of Disaster Risk Reduction (DRR)

To enhance awareness of institutional processes in the country and

 To develop rudimentary ability to respond to their surroundings with potential disaster response in areas where they live, with due sensitivity

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO DISASTERS

9

Definition: Disaster, Hazard, Vulnerability, Resilience, Risks – Disasters: Types of disasters – Earthquake, Landslide, Flood, Drought, Fire etc - Classification, Causes, Impacts including social, economic, political, environmental, health, psychosocial, etc.- Differential impacts- in terms of caste, class, gender, age, location, disability - Global trends in disasters: urban disasters, pandemics, complex emergencies, Climate change- Dos and Don'ts during various types of Disasters.

UNIT II APPROACHES TO DISASTER RISK REDUCTION (DRR)

5

Disaster cycle - Phases, Culture of safety, prevention, mitigation and preparedness community based DRR, Structural nonstructural measures, Roles and responsibilities of community, Panchayati Raj Institutions/Urban Local Bodies (PRIs/ULBs), States, Centre, and other stake-holders- Institutional Processes and Framework at State and Central Level- State Disaster Management Authority(SDMA) - Early Warning System - Advisories from Appropriate Agencies.

UNIT III INTER-RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN DISASTERS AND DEVELOPMENT

9

Factors affecting Vulnerabilities, differential impacts, impact of Development projects such as dams, embankments, changes in Land-use etc.- Climate Change Adaptation- IPCC Scenario and Scenarios in the context of India - Relevance of indigenous knowledge, appropriate technology and local resources.

UNIT IV DISASTER RISK MANAGEMENT IN INDIA

9

Hazard and Vulnerability profile of India, Components of Disaster Relief: Water, Food, Sanitation, Shelter, Health, Waste Management, Institutional arrangements (Mitigation, Response and Preparedness, Disaster Management Act and Policy - Other related policies, plans, programmes and legislation - Role of GIS and Information Technology Components in Preparedness, Risk Assessment, Response and Recovery Phases of Disaster - Disaster Damage Assessment.

UNIT V DISASTER MANAGEMENT: APPLICATIONS AND CASE STUDIES AND FIELD WORKS

Landslide Hazard Zonation: Case Studies, Earthquake Vulnerability Assessment of Buildings and Infrastructure: Case Studies, Drought Assessment: Case Studies, Coastal Flooding: Storm Surge Assessment, Floods: Fluvial and Pluvial Flooding: Case Studies; Forest Fire: Case Studies, Man Made disasters: Case Studies, Space Based Inputs for Disaster Mitigation and Management and field works related to disaster management.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

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OUTCOMES:

The students will be able to

- Differentiate the types of disasters, causes and their impact on environment and society
- Assess vulnerability and various methods of risk reduction measures as well as mitigation.
- Draw the hazard and vulnerability profile of India, Scenarios in the Indian context, Disaster damage assessment and management.

TEXTBOOKS:

Singhal J.P. —Disaster Managementl, Laxmi Publications, 2010.

 Tushar Bhattacharya, "Disaster Science and Management", McGraw Hill India Education Pvt. Ltd., 2012. ISBN-10: 1259007367, ISBN-13: 978-1259007361.

3. Gupta Anil K, Sreeja S. Nair. Environmental Knowledge for Disaster Risk Management, NIDM, New

 Kapur Anu Vulnerable India: A Geographical Study of Disasters, IIAS and Sage Publishers, New Delhi, 2010.

REFERENCES:

1. Govt. of India: Disaster Management Act, Government of India, New Delhi, 2005

Government of India, National Disaster Management Policy, 2009.

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OBJECTIVE:

☐ To develop and strengthen entrepreneurial quality and motivation in students and to impart basic entrepreneurial skills and understanding to run a business efficiently and effectively.

UNIT I ENTREPRENEURSHIP

Entrepreneur - Types of Entrepreneurs - Difference between Entrepreneur and Intrapreneur Entrepreneurship in Economic Growth, Factors Affecting Entrepreneurial Growth.

UNIT II MOTIVATION

Major Motives Influencing an Entrepreneur - Achievement Motivation Training, Self Rating, Business Games, Thematic Apperception Test - Stress Management, Entrepreneurship Development Programs -Need, Objectives.

UNIT III BUSINESS

Small Enterprises - Definition, Classification - Characteristics, Ownership Structures - Project Formulation - Steps involved in setting up a Business - identifying, selecting a Good Business opportunity, Market Survey and Research, Techno Economic Feasibility Assessment - Preparation of Preliminary Project Reports - Project Appraisal - Sources of Information - Classification of Needs and Agencies.

UNIT IV FINANCING AND ACCOUNTING

Need - Sources of Finance, Term Loans, Capital Structure, Financial Institution, Management of working Capital, Costing, Break Even Analysis, Taxation - Income Tax, Excise Duty - Sales Tax.

UNIT V SUPPORT TO ENTREPRENEURS

9

Sickness in small Business - Concept, Magnitude, Causes and Consequences, Corrective Measures -Business Incubators - Government Policy for Small Scale Enterprises - Growth Strategies in small industry - Expansion, Diversification, Joint Venture, Merger and Sub Contracting.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOME:

☐ Upon completion of the course, students will be able to gain knowledge and skills needed to run a business successfully.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Donald F Kuratko, "Entrepreneurship Theory, Process and Practice", 9th Edition, Cengage Learning,
- Khanka. S.S., "Entrepreneurial Development" S.Chand & Co. Ltd., Ram Nagar, New Delhi, 2013.

REFERENCES:

- 1. EDII "Faulty and External Experts A Hand Book for New Entrepreneurs Publishers: Entrepreneurship Development", Institute of India, Ahmadabad, 1986.
- Hisrich R D, Peters M P, "Entrepreneurship" 8th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2013.
- 3. Mathew J Manimala, "Enterprenuership theory at cross roads: paradigms and praxis" 2nd Edition Dream tech, 2005.
- Rajeev Roy, "Entrepreneurship" 2nd Edition, Oxford University Press, 2011.

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INDUSTRIAL SAFETY

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OBJECTIVES:

To impart knowledge on safety engineering fundamentals and safety management practices.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9

Evolution of modern safety concepts - Fire prevention - Mechanical hazards - Boilers, Pressure vessels, Electrical Exposure.

UNIT II CHEMICAL HAZARDS

9

Chemical exposure - Toxic materials - Ionizing Radiation and Non-ionizing Radiation - Industrial Hygiene - Industrial Toxicology.

UNIT III ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL

9

Industrial Health Hazards - Environmental Control - Industrial Noise - Noise measuring instruments, Control of Noise, Vibration, - Personal Protection.

UNIT IV HAZARD ANALYSIS

9

System Safety Analysis -Techniques - Fault Tree Analysis (FTA), Failure Modes and Effects Analysis (FMEA), HAZOP analysis and Risk Assessment

UNIT V SAFETY REGULATIONS

9

Explosions - Disaster management - catastrophe control, hazard control, Safety education and training - Factories Act, Safety regulations Product safety - case studies.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Students must be able to identify and prevent chemical, environmental mechanical, fire hazard through analysis and apply proper safety techniques on safety engineering and management.

TEXT BOOK:

John V.Grimaldi, "Safety Management", AITB S Publishers, 2003.

REFERENCES:

Safety Manual, "EDEL Engineering Consultancy", 2000.

 David L.Goetsch, "Occupational Safety and Health for Technologists", 5th Edition, Engineers and Managers, Pearson Education Ltd., 2005



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	To provide in depth knowledge in Principles of Environmental safety and its applications in various
fie	elds.
	To provide the knowledge of air and water pollution and their control.
	To expose the students to the basics in hazardous waste management.

UNIT I SAFETY IN METAL WORKING AND WOOD WORKING MACHINES

4

General safety rules, principles, maintenance, Inspections of turning machines, boring machines, milling machine, planning machine and grinding machines, CNC machines, Wood working machinery, types, safety principles, electrical guards, work area, material handling, inspection, standards and codes- saws, types, hazards. Inspection of material handling equipments.

UNIT II SAFETY IN WELDING AND GAS CUTTING

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Gas welding and oxygen cutting, resistances welding, are welding and cutting, common hazards, personal protective equipment, training, safety precautions in brazing, soldering and metalizing – explosive welding, selection, care and maintenance of the associated equipment and instruments – safety in generation, distribution and handling of industrial gases-colour coding – flashback arrestor – leak detection-pipe line safety-storage and handling of gas cylinders.

UNIT III SAFETY IN COLD FORMING AND HOT WORKING OF METALS

9

Cold working, power presses, point of operation safe guarding, auxiliary mechanisms, feeding and cutting mechanism, hand or foot-operated presses, power press electric controls, power press set up and die removal, inspection and maintenance-metal sheers-press brakes - Hot working safety in forging, hot rolling mill operation, safe guards in hot rolling mills - hot bending of pipes, hazards and control measures - Safety in Gas Furnace Operation, Cupola, Crucibles, Ovens, Foundry Health Hazards, Work Environment, Material Handling in Foundries, Foundry Production Cleaning And Finishing Foundry Processes.

UNIT IV SAFETY IN FINISHING, INSPECTION AND TESTING

9

Heat treatment operations, Electro Plating, Paint Shops, Sand And Shot Blasting, Safety In Inspection And Testing, Dynamic Balancing, Hydro Testing, Valves, Boiler Drums And Headers, Pressure Vessels, Air Leak Test, Steam Testing, Safety In Radiography, Personal Monitoring Devices, Radiation Hazards, Engineering And Administrative Controls, Indian Boilers Regulation.

UNIT V INDUSTRIAL SAFETY

9

Advances in Industrial Ergonomics and safety, Work and protective clothing, Theory and practice of Industrial safety, Industrial Noise and Vibration, Machine Guarding and Industrial machine safety, Manual material handling, Modeling for safety and health.

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

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Illustrate and familiarize the basic concepts and scope of engineering safety.

 Understand the standards of professional conduct that are published by professional safety organizations and certification bodies.

□ Illustrate the importance of safety of employees while working with machineries.

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REFERENCES:

 Philip E. Hagan, John Franklin Montgomery, James T. O'Reilly, Accident Prevention Manual – NSC, Chicago, 2009.

Charles D. Reese, Occupational Health and Safety Management, CRC Press, 2003.

3. John V. Grimaldi and Rollin H. Simonds Safety Management by All India Travelers Book seller, New Delhi, 1989.

4. John Davies, Alastair Ross, Brendan Wallace, Safety Management: A Qualitative Systems Approach, CRC Press, 2003.

 Health and Safety in welding and Allied processes, welding Institute, UK, High Tech. Publishing Ltd., London, 1989.

Anil Mital Advances in Industrial Ergonomics and Safety Taylor and Francis Ltd, London, 1989

 Dr. Vincent Matthew Ciriello (Prediction of the maximum acceptable weight of lift from the frequency of lift, journal of industrial ergonomics, (2014), pg.225-237

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OBJECTIVE:

At the end of the course, the students are expected to identify the new methodologies /technologies for effective utilization of renewable energy sources.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9

World Energy Use - Reserves of Energy Resources - Environmental Aspects of Energy Utilisation - Renewable Energy Scenario in Tamil nadu, India and around the World - Potentials - Achievements / Applications - Economics of renewable energy systems.

UNIT II SOLAR ENERGY

9

Solar Radiation - Measurements of Solar Radiation - Flat Plate and Concentrating Collectors - Solar direct Thermal Applications - Solar thermal Power Generation - Fundamentals of Solar Photo Voltaic Conversion - Solar Cells - Solar PV Power Generation - Solar PV Applications.

UNIT III WIND ENERGY

9

Wind Data and Energy Estimation - Types of Wind Energy Systems - Performance - Site Selection - Details of Wind Turbine Generator - Safety and Environmental Aspects

UNIT IV BIO - ENERGY

9

Biomass direct combustion - Biomass gasifiers - Biogas plants - Digesters - Ethanol production - Bio diesel - Cogeneration - Biomass Applications

UNIT V OTHER RENEWABLE ENERGY SOURCES

9

Tidal energy - Wave Energy - Open and Closed OTEC Cycles - Small Hydro-Geothermal Energy - Hydrogen and Storage - Fuel Cell Systems - Hybrid Systems.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon the completion of this course the students will be able to

CO1:Discuss the importance and Economics of renewable Energy

CO2:Discuss the method of power generation from Solar Energy

CO3:Discuss the method of power generation from Wind Energy

CO4:Explain the method of power generation from Bio Energy

CO5:Explain the Tidal energy, Wave Energy, OTEC, Hydro energy, Geothermal Energy, Fuel Cells and Hybrid Systems.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Rai. G.D., "Non Conventional Energy Sources", Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 2011.

Twidell, J.W. & Weir, A., "Renewable Energy Sources", EFN Spon Ltd., UK, 2006.

REFERENCES:

 Chetan Singh Solanki, Solar Photovoltaics, "Fundamentals, Technologies and Applications", PHI Learning Private Limited, New Delhi, 2015.

David M. Mousdale – "Introduction to Biofuels", CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group, USA 2017

3. Freris. L.L., "Wind Energy Conversion Systems", Prentice Hall, UK, 1990.

 Godfrey Boyle, "Renewable Energy, Power for a Sustainable Future", Oxford University Press, U.K., 2012.

5. Johnson Gary, L. "Wind Energy Systems", Prentice Hall, New York, 1985

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RENEWABLE ENERGY SOURCES

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OBJECTIVES:

- To get exposure on solar radiation and its environmental impact to power.
- · To know about the various collectors used for storing solar energy.
- To know about the various applications in solar energy.
- To learn about the wind energy and biomass and its economic aspects.
- To know about geothermal energy with other energy sources.

UNIT I PRINCIPLES OF SOLAR RADIATION

10

Role and potential of new and renewable source, the solar energy option, Environmental impact of solar power, physics of the sun, the solar constant, extraterrestrial and terrestrial solar radiation, solar radiation on titled surface, instruments for measuring solar radiation and sun shine, solar radiation data.

UNIT II SOLAR ENERGY COLLECTION

8

Flat plate and concentrating collectors, classification of concentrating collectors, orientation and thermal analysis, advanced collectors.

UNIT III SOLAR ENERGY STORAGE AND APPLICATIONS

7

Different methods, Sensible, latent heat and stratified storage, solar ponds. Solar Application ssolar heating/cooling technique, solar distillation and drying, photovoltaic energy conversion.

UNIT IV WIND ENERGY

10

Sources and potentials, horizontal and vertical axis windmills, performance characteristics, Betz criteria BIO-MASS: Principles of Bio-Conversion, Anaerobic/aerobic digestion, types of Bio-gas digesters, gas yield, combustion characteristics of bio-gas, utilization for cooking, I.C.Engine operation and economic aspects.

UNIT V GEOTHERMAL ENERGY:

9

Resources, types of wells, methods of harnessing the energy, potential in India. OCEAN ENERGY: OTEC, Principles utilization, setting of OTEC plants, thermodynamic cycles. Tidal and wave energy: Potential and conversion techniques, mini-hydel power plants, and their economics. DIRECT ENERGY CONVERSION: Need for DEC, Carnot cycle, limitations, principles of DEC.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

- Understanding the physics of solar radiation.
- Ability to classify the solar energy collectors and methodologies of storing solar energy.
- Knowledge in applying solar energy in a useful way.
- Knowledge in wind energy and biomass with its economic aspects.
- Knowledge in capturing and applying other forms of energy sources like wind, biogas and geothermal energies.

TEXT BOOKS:

Rai G.D., "Non-Conventional Energy Sources", Khanna Publishers, 2011

2. Twidell & Wier, "Renewable Energy Resources", CRC Press (Taylor & Francis), 2011

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K S. R. KALVI NAGAR,

TIRUGHENGODE-637 215,

NAMAKKALDI, TAMIL NADU.

REFERENCES:

1. Tiwari and Ghosal, "Renewable energy resources", Narosa Publishing House, 2007

2. Ramesh R & Kumar K.U, "Renewable Energy Technologies", Narosa Publishing House, 2004

3. Mittal K M, "Non-Conventional Energy Systems", Wheeler Publishing Co. Ltd, New Delhi, 2003

 Kothari D.P, Singhal ., K.C., "Renewable energy sources and emerging technologies", P.H.I, New Delhi, 2010

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NAMAKKALDI, TAMIL NADU.

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OBJECTIVES:	
To Provide knowledge	
 About the stand alone and grid connected renewable energy systems. 	
□ Design of power converters for renewable energy applications.	
□ Wind electrical generators and solar energy systems.	
□ Power converters used for renewable energy systems.	
UNIT I INTRODUCTION	9
Environmental aspects of electric energy conversion: impacts of renewable energy environment (cost-GHG Emission) - Qualitative study of different renewable energy	ergy generation on ty resources: Solar,

wind, ocean, Biomass, Fuel cell, Hydrogen energy systems and hybrid renewable energy systems. UNIT II ELECTRICAL MACHINES FOR RENEWABLE ENERGY CONVERSION Reference theory fundamentals-principle of operation and analysis: IG and PMSG

UNIT III POWER CONVERTERS 9 Solar: Block diagram of solar photo voltaic system -Principle of operation: line commutated converters (inversion-mode) - Boost and buck-boost converters- selection of inverter, battery sizing, array sizing Wind: Three phase AC voltage controllers

UNIT IV ANALYSIS OF WIND AND PV SYSTEMS

Stand alone operation of fixed and variability speed wind energy conversion systems and solar system-Grid connection Issues -Grid integrated PMSG, SCIG Based WECS, grid Integrated solar system

UNIT V HYBRID RENEWABLE ENERGY SYSTEMS

Need for Hybrid Systems- Range and type of Hybrid systems- Case studies of Wind-PV Maximum Power Point Tracking (MPPT).

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Ability to understand and analyze power system operation, stability, control and protection.
Ability to handle the engineering aspects of electrical energy generation and utilization.
Ability to understand the stand alone and grid connected renewable energy systems.
Ability to design of power converters for renewable energy applications.
Ability to acquire knowledge on wind electrical generators and solar energy systems.
A bility to design power converters used for hybrid renewable energy systems.

TEXT BOOK:

 S. N. Bhadra, D.Kastha, S.Banerjee, "Wind Electrical Systems", Oxford University Press, 2005. 2. B.H.Khan Non-conventional Energy sources Tata McGraw-hill Publishing Company, New Delhi,2009.

REFERENCES:

Rashid .M. H "power electronics Hand book", Academic press, 2001.

- Ion Boldea, "Variability speed generators", Taylor & Francis group, 2006.
- 3. Rai. G.D, "Non conventional energy sources", Khanna publishes, 1993.

Gray, L. Johnson, "Wind energy system", prentice hall linc, 1995.

5. Andrzej M. Trzynnadlowski, "Introduction to Modern Power Electronics", Second edition, wiley India Pvt. Ltd, 2012.

> K. S. R. INSTITUTE FOR ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY, K. B. P. KALVIRAGAR, TIRUCHENGODE-637 215. NAMAKKAL DE TAMIL NADU.

OBJECTIVES:

To sensitize the Engineering students to various aspects of Human Rights.

UNIT I

9

Human Rights – Meaning, origin and Development. Notion and classification of Rights – Natural, Moral and Legal Rights. Civil and Political Rights, Economic, Social and Cultural Rights; collective /Solidarity Rights.

UNIT II

9

Evolution of the concept of Human Rights Magana carta - Geneva Convention of 1864. Universal Declaration of Human Rights, 1948. Theories of Human Rights.

UNIT III

9

Theories and perspectives of UN Laws - UN Agencies to monitor and compliance.

UNIT IV

9

Human Rights in India -Constitutional Provisions/Guarantees.

UNIT V

9

Human Rights of Disadvantaged People – Women, Children, Displaced persons and Disability persons, including Aged and HIV Infected People. Implementation of Human Rights – National and State Human Rights Commission – Judiciary – Role of NGO's, Media, Educational Institutions, Social Movements.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOME:

· Engineering students will acquire the basic knowledge of human rights.

REFERENCES:

- Kapoor S.K., "Human Rights under International law and Indian Laws", CentralLaw Agency, Allahabad, 2014.
- Chandra U., "Human Rights", Allahabad Law Agency, Allahabad, 2014.
- 3. UpendraBaxi, The Future of Human Rights, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.

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OBJECTIVES:

- · To impart knowledge about the following topics:
- To impact concepts behind economic analysis and Load management.
- · Energy management on various electrical equipments and metering.
- Concept of lighting systems and cogeneration.

UNIT I - INTRODUCTION

9

Basics of Energy - Need for energy management - Energy accounting - Energy monitoring, targeting and reporting - Energy audit process.

UNIT II ENERGY MANAGEMENT FOR MOTORS AND COGENERATION

00

Energy management for electric motors - Transformer and reactors - Capacitors and synchronous machines, energy management by cogeneration - Forms of cogeneration - Feasibility of cogeneration - Electrical interconnection.

UNIT III LIGHTING SYSTEMS

9

Energy management in lighting systems – Task and the working space - Light sources – Ballasts – Lighting controls – Optimizing lighting energy – Power factor and effect of harmonics, lighting and energy standards.

UNIT IV METERING FOR ENERGY MANAGEMENT

.

Metering for energy management – Units of measure - Utility meters – Demand meters – Paralleling of current transformers – Instrument transformer burdens – Multi tasking solid state meters, metering location vs requirements, metering techniques and practical examples.

UNIT V ECONOMIC ANALYSIS AND MODELS

9

Economic analysis – Economic models - Time value of money - Utility rate structures – Cost of electricity – Loss evaluation, load management – Demand control techniques – Utility monitoring and control system – HVAC and energy management – Economic justification.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

- Ability to understand the basics of Energy audit process.
- · Ability to understand the basics of energy management by cogeneration
- Ability to acquire knowledge on Energy management in lighting systems
- Ability to impact concepts behind economic analysis and Load management.
- Ability to understand the importance of Energy management on various electrical equipment and metering.
- Ability to acquire knowledge on HVAC.

TEXT BOOKS:

 Barney L. Capehart, Wayne C. Turner, and William J. Kennedy, Guide to Energy Management, Fifth Edition, The Fairmont Press, Inc., 2006

 Eastop T.D & Croft D.R, Energy Efficiency for Engineers and Technologists, LogmanScientific & Technical, ISBN-0-582-03184, 1990.

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Reay D.A, Industrial Energy Conservation, 1stedition, Pergamon Press, 1977.

2. IEEE Recommended Practice for Energy Management in Industrial and Commercial Facilities, IEEE, 196.

3. Amit K. Tyagi, Handbook on Energy Audits and Management, TERI, 2003.

4. Electricity in buildings good practice guide, McGraw-Hill Education, 2016.

5. National Productivity Council Guide Books

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INTRODUCTION TO BIOENERGY AND BIOFUELS

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OBJECTIVES:

☐ This course will be focussed on achievement, acquisition of knowledge and enhancement of comprehension of information regarding bioenergy and biofuel technologies and their sustainable applications.

UNIT I CONCEPTS

9

Biopower, Bioheat, Biofuesl, advanced liquid fuels, drop-in fuels, biobased products

UNIT II FEEDSTOCKS 9 Harvested Feedstocks: First generation biofuels, Second generation biofuels, third generation biofuels. Residue Feedstocks: Agricultural wastes, forestry wastes, farm waste, organic components of residential, commercial, institutional and insdustrial waste.

UNIT III CONVERSION TECHNOLOGIES

9

Biorefinery concept – biorefineries and end products, Biochemical conversion – hydrolysis, enzyme and acid hydrolysis, fermentation, anaerobic digestion and trans-esterification, Thermochemical conversion – Combustion, Gasification, Pyrolysis, other thermochemical conversion technologies. Scaling up of emerging technologies.

UNIT IV BIOFUELS

9

Pros and cons of Biofuels, Algal biofuels, Cyanobacteria and producers of biofuels, Jatropha as biodiesel producer, Bioethanol, Biomethane, biohydrogen, biobutanol, metabolic engineering of fuel molecules, Engineering aspects of biofuels, Economics of biofuels

UNIT V SUSTAINABILITY & RESILIENCE

9

Environmental Sustainability, bioenergy sustainability, emissions of biomass to power generation applications, emissions from biofuels. ILUC issues, Carbon footprint, Advanced low carbon fuels

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXTBOOKS:

- Biorenewable Resources Engieering new products. Robert C Brown. Blackwell Publishing Professional, 2003.
- Biofuels, Wim Soctaert and Erik Vandamme (Editors) Wiley. 2009.
- 3. Biomass for Renewable Energy, Fuels and Chemicals. Donald Klass. Academic press. 1998

REFERENCES:

- 1. Introduction to Bioenergy. Vaughn C. Nelson and Kenneth L. Starcher.
- 2. Bioenergy: Biomass to Biofuels by by Anju Dahiya
- 3. Bioenergy: Principles and Applications by Yebo Li and Samir Kumar Khanal
- 4. Bioenergy by Judy D. Wall and Caroline S. Harwood
- 5. Bioenergy: Sustainable Perspectives by Ted Weyland

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OBJECTIVE:

· To give an idea about IPR, registration and its enforcement.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9

Introduction to IPRs, Basic concepts and need for Intellectual Property - Patents, Copyrights, Geographical Indications, IPR in India and Abroad - Genesis and Development - the way from WTO to WIPO -TRIPS, Nature of Intellectual Property, Industrial Property, technological Research, Inventions and Innovations - Important examples of IPR.

UNIT II REGISTRATION OF IPRS

10

Meaning and practical aspects of registration of Copy Rights, Trademarks, Patents, Geographical Indications, Trade Secrets and Industrial Design registration in India and Abroad

UNIT III AGREEMENTS AND LEGISLATIONS

10

International Treaties and Conventions on IPRs, TRIPS Agreement, PCT Agreement, Patent Act of India, Patent Amendment Act, Design Act, Trademark Act, Geographical Indication Act.

UNIT IV DIGITAL PRODUCTS AND LAW

9

Digital Innovations and Developments as Knowledge Assets – IP Laws, Cyber Law and Digital Content Protection – Unfair Competition – Meaning and Relationship between Unfair Competition and IP Laws – Case Studies.

UNIT V ENFORCEMENT OF IPRs

7

Infringement of IPRs, Enforcement Measures, Emerging issues - Case Studies.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOME:

Ability to manage Intellectual Property portfolio to enhance the value of the firm.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. S.V. Satarkar, Intellectual Property Rights and Copy Rights, Ess Ess Publications, New Delhi, 2002.
- 2. V. Scople Vinod, Managing Intellectual Property, Prentice Hall of India pvt Ltd, 2012

REFERENCES

 Deborah E. Bouchoux, "Intellectual Property: The Law of Trademarks, Copyrights, Patents and Trade Secrets", Cengage Learning, Third Edition, 2012.

 Prabuddha Ganguli, "Intellectual Property Rights: Unleashing the Knowledge Economy", McGraw Hill Education, 2011.

3. Edited by Derek Bosworth and Elizabeth Webster, The Management of Intellectual Property, Edward Elgar Publishing Ltd., 2013.

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CC7201 DESIGN FOR MANUFACTURE, ASSEMBLY AND ENVIRONMENTS LTPC3003

OBJECTIVES:

- · To know the concept of design for manufacturing, assembly and environment.
- · To know the computer application in design for manufacturing and assembly.

OUTCOME:

· To make the students get acquainted with the design for manufacturing, assembly and environment.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

-

General design principles for manufacturability - strength and mechanical factors, mechanisms selection, evaluation method, Process capability - Feature tolerances Geometric tolerances - Assembly limits -Datum features - Tolerance stacks.

UNIT II FACTORS INFLUENCING FORM DESIGN

13

Working principle, Material, Manufacture, Design- Possible solutions - Materials choice - Influence of materials on form design - form design of welded members, forgings and castings.

UNIT III COMPONENT DESIGN - MACHINING CONSIDERATION

1

Design features to facilitate machining - drills - milling cutters - keyways - Doweling procedures, counter sunk screws - Reduction of machined area- simplification by separation - simplification by amalgamation - Design for machinability - Design for economy - Design for clampability - Design for accessibility - Design for assembly.

UNIT IV COMPONENT DESIGN - CASTING CONSIDERATION

10

Redesign of castings based on Parting line considerations - Minimizing core requirements, machined holes, redesign of cast members to obviate cores. Identification of uneconomical design - Modifying the design - group technology - Computer Applications for DFMA

UNIT V DESIGN FOR THE ENVIRONMENT

9

Introduction – Environmental objectives – Global issues – Regional and local issues – Basic DFE methods – Design guide lines – Example application – Lifecycle assessment – Basic method – AT&T's environmentally responsible product assessment – Weighted sum assessment method – Lifecycle assessment method – Techniques to reduce environmental impact – Design to minimize material usage – Design for disassembly – Design for recyclability – Design for remanufacture – Design for energy efficiency – Design to regulations and standards.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

- Boothroyd, G, 1980 Design for Assembly Automation and Product Design. New York, Marcel Dekker.
- 2. Bralla, Design for Manufacture handbook, McGraw hill, 1999.
- 3. Boothroyd, G, Heartz and Nike, Product Design for Manufacture, Marcel Dekker, 1994.
- Dickson, John. R, and Corroda Poly, Engineering Design and Design for Manufacture and Structural Approach, Field Stone Publisher, USA, 1995.

Fixel, J. Design for the Environment McGraw hill., 1996.

 Graedel T. Allen By. B, Design for the Environment Angle Wood Cliff, Prentice Hall. Reason Pub., 1996.
 Kevien Otto and Kristin Wood, Product Design. Pearson Publication, 2004.

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AIR POLLUTION AND CONTROL ENGINEERING

LTPC 3003

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OBJECTIVE:

 To impart knowledge on the principle and design of control of Indoor/ particulate/ gaseous air pollutant and its emerging trends.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

7

Structure and composition of Atmosphere - Definition, Scope and Scales of Air Pollution - Sources and classification of air pollutants and their effect on human health, vegetation, animals, property, aesthetic value and visibility- Ambient Air Quality and Emission standards.

UNIT II METEOROLOGY 6 Effects of meteorology on Air Pollution - Fundamentals, Atmospheric stability, Inversion, Wind profiles and stack plume patterns- Atmospheric Diffusion Theories - Dispersion models, Plume rise.

UNIT III CONTROL OF PARTICULATE CONTAMINANTS

11

Factors affecting Selection of Control Equipment – Gas Particle Interaction – Working principle - Gravity Separators, Centrifugal separators Fabric filters, Particulate Scrubbers, Electrostatic Precipitators.

UNIT IV CONTROL OF GASEOUS CONTAMINANTS

11

Factors affecting Selection of Control Equipment - Working principle - absorption, Adsorption, condensation, Incineration, Bio filters - Process control and Monitoring.

UNIT V INDOOR AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT

10

Sources, types and control of indoor air pollutants, sick building syndrome and Building related illness-Sources and Effects of Noise Pollution - Measurement - Standards - Control and Preventive measures.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES: The students completing the course will have

- ☐ An understanding of the nature and characteristics of air pollutants, noise pollution and basic concepts of air quality management
- □ Ability to identify, formulate and solve air and noise pollution problems
- Ability to design stacks and particulate air pollution control devices to meet applicable standards.
- Ability to select control equipments.
- Ability to ensure quality, control and preventive measures.

TEXTBOOKS:

- Lawrence K. Wang, Norman C. Pareira, Yung Tse Hung, "Air Pollution Control Engineering", Tokyo, springer science + science media LLC,2004.
- Noel de Nevers, "Air Pollution Control Engineering", Waveland press, Inc 2017.
- 3. Anjaneyulu. Y, "Air Pollution and Control Technologies", Allied Publishers (P) Ltd., India 2002.

REFERENCES:

- David H.F. Liu, Bela G. Liptak, "Air Pollution", Lweis Publishers, 2000.
- Arthur C. Stern, "Air Pollution (Vol.I Vol.VIII)", Academic Press, 2006.
- 3. Wayne T.Davis, "Air Pollution Engineering Manual", John Wiley & Sons, Inc, 2000.
- 4. M.N Rao and HVN Rao, "Air Pollution", Tata Mcgraw Hill Publishing Company limited, 2007.
- C.S.Rao, "Environmental Pollution Control Engineering", New Age International(P) Limited Publishers, 2006.

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At the end of the course, the student is expected to Understand and analyse the energy data of industries

□ Carryout energy accounting and balancing

☐ Conduct energy audit and suggest methodologies for energy savings and

□ Utilise the available resources in optimal ways

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9

Energy - Power - Past & Present scenario of World; National Energy consumption Data - Environmental aspects associated with energy utilization - Energy Auditing: Need, Types, Methodology and Barriers. Role of Energy Managers. Instruments for energy auditing.

UNIT II ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

1

Components of EB billing – HT and LT supply, Transformers, Cable Sizing, Concept of Capacitors, Power Factor Improvement, Harmonics, Electric Motors - Motor Efficiency Computation, Energy Efficient Motors, Illumination – Lux, Lumens, Types of lighting, Efficacy, LED Lighting and scope of Encon in Illumination.

UNIT III THERMAL SYSTEMS

9

Stoichiometry, Boilers, Furnaces and Thermic Fluid Heaters - Efficiency computation and encon measures. Steam: Distribution &U sage: Steam Traps, Condensate Recovery, Flash Steam Utilization, Insulators & Refractories

UNIT IV ENERGY CONSERVATION IN MAJOR UTILITIES

9

Pumps, Fans, Blowers, Compressed Air Systems, Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Systems - Cooling Towers - D.G. sets

UNIT V ECONOMICS

0

Energy Economics - Discount Rate, Payback Period, Internal Rate of Return, Net Present Value, Life Cycle Costing -ESCO concept

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students can able to analyse the energy data of industries.

Can carryout energy accounting and balancing

Can suggest methodologies for energy savings

TEXT BOOK:

 Energy Manager Training Manual (4 Volumes) available at www.energymanager training.com,a website administered by Bureau of Energy Efficiency (BEE), a statutory body under Ministry of Power, Government of India, 2004.

REFERENCES:

- Witte, L.C., P.S. Schmidt, D.R. Brown, "Industrial Energy Management and Utilisation" Hemisphere Publ, Washington, 1988.
- Callaghn, P.W. "Design and Management for Energy Conservation", Pergamon Press, Oxford, 1981.
- Dryden. I.G.C., "The Efficient Use of Energy" Butterworths, London, 1982
- 4. Turner, W.C., "Energy Management Hand book", Wiley, New York, 1982.
- Murphy. W.R. and G. Mc KAY, "Energy Management", Butterworths, London 1987.

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NAMAKKAL DI. TAMIL NADO.

3003

OBJECTIVES:

	To understand the basics of weather and climate
	Tohave an insight on Atmospheric dynamics and transport of heat
0	To develop simple climate models and evaluate climate changes using models

UNIT I BASICS OF WEATHER AND CLIMATE:

-

Shallow film of Air- stratified & disturbed atmosphere – law – atmosphere Engine. Observation of parameters: Temperature – Humidity – Wind - Pressure – precipitation-surface – networks. Constitution of atmosphere: well stirred atmosphere – process around turbopause – in dry air – ozone – carbon Dioxide – Sulphur Dioxide – Aerosol - water. Evolution of Atmosphere. State of atmosphere: Air temperature – pressure – hydrostatic – Chemistry – Distribution – circulation

UNIT II ATMOSPHERIC DYNAMICS:

9

Atmosphere dynamics: law – isobaric heating and cooling – adiabatic lapse rates – equation of motion - solving and forecasting. Forces – Relative and absolute acceleration – Earth"s rotation coriolis on sphere – full equation of motion – Geostrophy;- Thermal winds –departures – small-scale motion. Radiation, convection and advections: sun & solar radiation – energy balance – terrestrial radiation and the atmosphere – Green house effect- Global warming - Global budget – radiative fluxes - heat transport. Atmosphere and ocean systems convecting & advecting heat. Surface and boundary layer – smaller scale weather system – larger scale weather system.

UNIT III GLOBAL CLIMATE

9

Components and phenomena in the climate system: Time and space scales – interaction and parameterization problem. Gradients of Radiative forcing and energy transports by atmosphere and ocean – atmospheric circulation – latitude structure of the circulation – latitude – longitude dependence of climate features. Ocean circulation: latitude – longitude dependence of climate features – ocean vertical structure – ocean thermohaline circulation – land surface processes – carbon cycle.

UNIT IV CLIMATE SYSTEM PROCESSES

-

Conservation of motion: Force — coriolis - pressure gradient- velocity equations — Application — geotropic wind — pressure co-ordinates. Equation of State — atmosphere — ocean. Application: thermal circulation — sea level rise. Temperature equation: Ocean — air — Application — decay of sea surface temperature. Continuity equation: ocean — atmosphere. Application: coastal upwelling — equatorial upwelling — conservation of warm water mass. Moisture and salinity equation: conservation of mass — moisture. Source & sinks — latent heat. Moist processes — saturation — convection — Wave processes in atmosphere and ocean.

UNIT V CLIMATE CHANGE MODELS

9

Constructing a climate model – climate system modeling – climate simulation and drift – Evaluation of climate model simulation – regional (RCM) – global (GCM) – Global average response to warming – climate change observed to date.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

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OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the student will be able to understand

☐ The concepts of weather and climate

The principles of Atmospheric dynamics and transport of heat and air mass

☐ Thedevelop simple climate models and to predict climate change

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Fundamentals of weather and climate (2nd Edition) Robin Moilveen (2010), Oxford University Press

Climate change and climate modeling, J. David Neelin (2011) Cambridge University press.

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ENERGY TECHNOLOGY

OCH752

OBJECTIVES

☐ Students will gain knowledge about different energy sources

UNIT I ENERGY

- 8

Introduction to energy - Global energy scene - Indian energy scene - Units of energy, conversion factors, general classification of energy, energy crisis, energy alternatives.

UNIT II CONVENTIONAL ENERGY

5

Conventional energy resources, Thermal, hydel and nuclear reactors, thermal, hydel and nuclear power plants, efficiency, merits and demerits of the above power plants, combustion processes, fluidized bed combustion.

UNIT III NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY

10

Solar energy, solar thermal systems, flat plate collectors, focusing collectors, solar water heating, solar cooling, solar distillation, solar refrigeration, solar dryers, solar pond, solar thermal power generation, solar energy application in India, energy plantations. Wind energy, types of windmills, types of wind rotors, Darrieus rotor and Gravian rotor, wind electric power generation, wind power in India, economics of wind farm, ocean wave energy conversion, ocean thermal energy conversion, tidal energy conversion, geothermal energy.

UNIT IV BIOMASS ENERGY

10

Biomass origin - Resources - Biomass estimation. Thermochemical conversion - Biological conversion, Chemical conversion - Hydrolysis & hydrogenation, solvolysis, biocrude, biodiesel power generation gasifier, biogas, integrated gasification.

UNIT V ENERGY CONSERVATION

9

Energy conservation - Act; Energy management importance, duties and responsibilities; Energy audit -Types methodology, reports, instruments. Benchmalcing and energy performance, material and energy balance, thermal energy management.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

☐ Understand conventional Energy sources, Non- conventional Energy sources, biomass sources and develop design parameters for equipment to be used in Chemical process industries. Understand energy conservation in process industries

TEXTBOOKS:

- Rao, S. and Parulekar, B.B., Energy Technology, Khanna Publishers, 2005.
- 2. Rai, G.D., Non-conventional Energy Sources, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 1984.
- 3. Nagpal, G.R., Power Plant Engineering, Khanna Publishers, 2008.
- Energy Management, Paul W.O"Callaghan McGraw Hill, 1993

REFERENCES:

- Nejat Vezirog, Alternate Energy Sources, IT, McGraw Hill, New York.
- El. Wakil, Power Plant Technology, Tata McGraw Hill, New York, 2002.
- 3. Sukhatme. S.P., Solar Enery Thermal Collection and Storage, Tata McGraw hill, New Delhi, 1981.
- 4. Handbook of Energy Audit by 7th edition Albert Thumann, P.E., C.E.M & William J Younger C.E.M, Faiment Press 2008

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OBJECTIVE:

☐ Toimpart the knowledge and skills to identify, assess and mitigate the environmental and social impacts of developmental projects

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9

Impacts of Development on Environment – Rio Principles of Sustainable Development- Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) – Objectives – Historical development – EIA Types – EIA in project cycle –EIA Notification and Legal Framework.

UNIT II ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT

9

Screening and Scoping in EIA - Drafting of Terms of Reference, Baseline monitoring, Prediction and Assessment of Impact on land, water, air, noise, flora and fauna - Matrices - Networks - Checklist Methods - Mathematical models for Impact prediction.

UNIT III ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN

9

Plan for mitigation of adverse impact on water, air and land, water, energy, flora and fauna -Environmental Monitoring Plan - EIA Report Preparation - Public Hearing-Environmental Clearance

UNIT IV SOCIO ECONOMIC ASSESSMENT

Q

Baseline monitoring of Socio economic environment – Identification of Project Affected Personal – Rehabilitation and Resettlement Plan- Economic valuation of Environmental impacts – Cost benefit Analysis-

UNIT V CASE STUDIES

9

EIA case studies pertaining to Infrastructure Projects - Roads and Bridges - Mass Rapid Transport Systems - Airports - Dams and Irrigation projects - Power plants.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

The students completing the course will have ability to

- carry out scoping and screening of developmental projects for environmental and social assessments
- explain different methodologies for environmental impact prediction and assessment
- ☐ plan environmental impact assessments and environmental managementplans
- evaluate environmental impact assessment reports

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Canter, R.L., "Environmental impact Assessment", 2nd Edition, McGraw Hill Inc, New Delhi, 1995.

2. Lohani, B., J.W. Evans, H. Ludwig, R.R. Everitt, Richard A. Carpenter, and S.L. Tu,

"Environmental Impact Assessment for Developing Countries in Asia", Volume 1 – Overview, Asian Development Bank, 1997.

3. Peter Morris, Riki Therivel "Methods of Environmental Impact Assessment", Routledge

Publishers, 2009.



REFERENCES:

 Becker H. A., Frank Vanclay, "The International handbook of social impact assessment" conceptual and methodological advances, Edward Elgar Publishing, 2003.

2. Barry Sadler and Mary McCabe, "Environmental Impact Assessment Training Resource Manual",

United Nations Environment Programme, 2002.

 Judith Petts, "Handbook of Environmental Impact Assessment Vol. I and II", Blackwell Science New York, 1998.

 Ministry of Environment and Forests EIA Notification and Sectoral Guides, Government of India, New Delhi, 2010.

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UNIT I ENVIRONMENTAL IMPLICATIONS OF BUILDINGS

9

Energy use, carbon emissions, water use, waste disposal; Building materials: sources, methods of production and environmental Implications. Embodied Energy in Building Materials: Transportation Energy for Building Materials; Maintenance Energy for Buildings.

UNIT II IMPLICATIONS OF BUILDING TECHNOLOGIES EMBODIED ENERGY OF BUILDINGS

Framed Construction, Masonry Construction. Resources for Building Materials, Alternative concepts. Recycling of Industrial and Buildings Wastes. Biomass Resources for buildings.

UNIT III COMFORTS IN BUILDING

9

Thermal Comfort in Buildings- Issues; Heat Transfer Characteristic of Building Materials and Building Techniques. Incidence of Solar Heat on Buildings-Implications of Geographical Locations.

UNIT IV UTILITY OF SOLAR ENERGY IN BUILDINGS

9

Utility of Solar energy in buildings concepts of Solar Passive Cooling and Heating of Buildings. Low Energy Cooling. Case studies of Solar Passive Cooled and Heated Buildings.

UNIT V GREEN COMPOSITES FOR BUILDINGS

9

Concepts of Green Composites. Water Utilisation in Buildings, Low Energy Approaches to Water Management. Management of Solid Wastes. Management of Sullage Water and Sewage. Urban Environment and Green Buildings. Green Cover and Built Environment.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

- K.S.Jagadish, B. U. Venkataramareddy and K. S. Nanjundarao. Alternative Building Materials and Technologies. New Age International, 2007.
- Low Energy Cooling For Sustainable Buildings. John Wiley and Sons Ltd, 2009.
- 3. Sustainable Building Design Manual. Vol 1 and 2, Teri, New Delhi, 2004.

REFERENCES:

- Osman Attmann Green Architecture Advanced Technologies and Materials. McGraw Hill, 2010.
- Jerry Yudelson Green building Through Integrated Design. McGraw Hill, 2009.
- 3. Fundamentals of Integrated Design for Sustainable Building By Marian Keeler, Bill Burke



3003

OBJECTIVES

To make the student conversant with the water treatment methods including adsorption and oxidation process.

□ To provide basic under standings about the requirements of water, its preliminary treatment.

UNIT I WATER QUALITY AND PRELIMINARY TREATMENT

9

Water Quality-physical- chemical and biological parameters of water- water quality requirement - potable water standards -wastewater effluent standards -water quality indices. Water purification systems in natural systems- physical processes-chemical processes and biological processes- primary, secondary and tertiary treatment-Unit operations-unit processes. Mixing, clarification - sedimentation; Types; aeration and gas transfer - coagulation and flocculation, coagulation processes - stability of colloids - destabilization of colloids- transport of colloidal particles, clariflocculation.

UNIT II INDUSTRIAL WATER TREATMENT

9

Filtration – size and shape characteristics of filtering media – sand filters hydraulics of filtration – design considerations – radial, upflow, highrate and multimedia filters, pressure filter. Water softening – lime soda, zeolite and demineralization processes – industrial water treatment for boilers.

UNIT III CONVENTIONAL TREATMENT METHODS

-

Taste and odour control – adsorption – activated carbon treatment – removal of color – iron and manganese removal – aeration, oxidation, ion exchange and other methods – effects of fluorides – fluoridation and defluoridation –desalination - corrosion prevention and control – factors influencing corrosion – Langelier index – corrosion control measures.

UNIT IV WASTEWATER TREATMENT

9

Wastewater treatment - pre and primary treatment - equalization neutralization - screening and grid removal - sedimentation - oil separation gas stripping of volatile organics - biological oxidation - lagoons and stabilization basins - aerated lagoons - activated sludge process - trickling filtration - anaerobic decomposition.

UNIT V ADSORPTION AND OXIDATION PROCESSES

9

Chemical process – adsorption – theory of adsorption – ion exchange process – chemical oxidation – advanced oxidation process – sludge handling and disposal – miscellaneous treatment processes.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES

- Will have knowledge about adsorption and oxidation process.
- □ Will gain idea about various methods available for water treatment.
- □ Willappreciate the necessity of water and acquire knowledge of preliminary treatment.

TEXTBOOKS:

Metcalf and Eddy, "Wastewater Engineering", 4th ed., McGraw Hill Higher Edu., 2002.

2. W. Wesley Eckenfelder, Jr., "Industrial Water Pollution Control", 2nd Edn., McGraw Hill Inc., 1989.

REFERENCES:

- S.P. Mahajan, "Pollution control in process industries", 27th Ed. Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd., 2012.
- M. Lancaster, "Green Chemistry: An Introductory Text", 2nd edition, RSC publishing, 2010.
- 3. C.S. Rao, "Environmental Pollution Control Engineering", New Age International, 2007

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□ Tointroduce the students to the interdisciplinary analysis of water and conceptual design of intervention strategies.
□ To develop a knowledge-base on capacity building on IWRM.

UNIT I IWRM FRAMEWORK
Definition — Objectives — Principles - Evolution of IWRM - IWRM relevance in water resources management — Paradigm shift: Processes and prospective outcomes

UNIT II CONTEXTUALIZING IWRM

UNIT III EMERGING ISSUES IN WATER MANAGEMENT

Institutional transformation - Bureaucratic reforms - Inclusive development

9

Emerging Issues — Drinking water management in the context of climate change - IWRM and irrigation - Flood – Drought – Pollution – Linkages between water, health and poverty

UN formulations - SDG goals - IWRM in Global, Regional and Local water partnership -

UNIT IV IWRM AND WATER RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT IN INDIA

9

Rural Development - Ecological sustainability- -Watershed development and conservation -Ecosystem regeneration - Wastewater reuse - Sustainable livelihood - Food security

UNIT V ASPECTS OF INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT

9

Capacity building - Conceptual framework of IWRM - Problems and policy issues - Solutions for effective integrated water management - Case studies

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

The students will be able to

- □ Understand objectives, principles and evolution of integrated water resources management.
- ☐ Have an idea of contextualizing IWRM
- □ Gain knowledge in emerging issues in water management, flood, drought, pollution and poverty.
- Understand the water resources development in India and wastewater reuse.
- Gain knowledge on integrated development of water management.

TEXTBOOKS:

- Mollinga P. et al. "Integrated Water Resources Management", Water in South Asia Volume I, Sage Publications, 2006.
- Sithamparanathan, Rangasamy, A., and Arunachalam, N., "Ecosystem Principles and Sustainable Agriculture", Scitech Publications (India) Pvt.Lt, Chennai, 1999.

REFERENCES:

- Cech Thomas V., Principles of Water Resources: History, Development, Management and Policy. John Wiley and Sons Inc., New York. 2003.
- 2. Murthy, J.V.S., "Watershed Management in India", Wiley Eastern Ltd., New York, 1995.
- 3. Dalte, S.J.C., "Soil Conservation and Land Management", International Book Distribution, India, 1986.

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OBJECTIVE:

To gain insights about the importance of lean manufacturing and six sigma practices.

UNIT I LEAN & SIX SIGMA BACKGROUND AND FUNDAMENTALS

9

Historical Overview - Definition of quality - What is six sigma - TQM and Six sigma - lean manufacturing and six sigma- six sigma and process tolerance - Six sigma and cultural changes - six sigma capability - six sigma need assessments - implications of quality levels, Cost of Poor Quality (COPQ), Cost of Doing Nothing - assessment questions

UNIT II THE SCOPE OF TOOLS AND TECHNIQUES

9

Tools for definition – IPO diagram, SIPOC diagram, Flow diagram, CTQ Tree, Project Charter – Tools for measurement – Check sheets, Histograms, Run Charts, Scatter Diagrams, Cause and effect diagram, Pareto charts, Control charts, Flow process charts, Process Capability Measurement, Tools for analysis – Process Mapping, Regression analysis, RU/CS analysis, SWOT, PESTLE, Five Whys, interrelationship diagram, overall equipment effectiveness, TRIZ innovative problem solving – Tools for improvement – Affinity diagram, Normal group technique, SMED, 5S, mistake proofing, Value stream Mapping, forced field analysis – Tools for control – Gantt chart, Activity network diagram, Radar chart, PDCA cycle, Milestone tracker diagram, Earned value management.

UNIT III SIX SIGMA METHODOLOGIES

9

Design For Six Sigma (DFSS), Design For Six Sigma Method - Failure Mode Effect Analysis (FMEA), FMEA process - Risk Priority Number (RPN)- Six Sigma and Leadership, committed leadership - Change Acceleration Process (CAP)- Developing communication plan - Stakeholder

UNIT IV SIX SIGMA IMPLEMENTATION AND CHALLENGES

5

Tools for implementation – Supplier Input Process Output Customer (SIPOC) – Quality Function Deployment or House of Quality (QFD) – alternative approach –implementation – leadership training, close communication system, project selection – project management and team – champion training – customer quality index – challenges – program failure, CPQ vs six sigma, structure the deployment of six sigma – cultural challenge – customer/internal metrics

UNIT V EVALUATION AND CONTINUOUS IMPROVEMENT METHODS

9

Evaluation strategy – the economics of six sigma quality, Return on six Sigma (ROSS), ROI, poor project estimates – continuous improvement – lean manufacturing – value, customer focus, Perfection, focus on waste, overproduction – waiting, inventory in process (IIP), processing waste, transportation, motion, making defective products, underutilizing people – Kaizen – 5S

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOME:

Thestudent would be able to relate the tools and techniques of lean sigma to increase productivity

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REFERENCES:

- 1. Michael L.George, David Rownalds, Bill Kastle, What is Lean Six Sigma, McGraw Hill 2003
- 2. Thomas Pyzdek, The Six Sigma Handbook, McGraw-Hill, 2000
- 3. Fred Soleimannejed, Six Sigma, Basic Steps and Implementation, AuthorHouse, 2004
- Forrest W. Breyfogle, III, James M. Cupello, Becki Meadows, Managing Six Sigma: A Practical Guide to Understanding, Assessing, and Implementing the Strategy That Yields Bottom-Line Success, John Wiley & Sons, 2000

James P. Womack, Daniel T.Jones, Lean Thinking, Free Press Business, 2003

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3. R2013 - List of courses address the Ethics, Gender, Human Values, Environmental Sustainability and Syllabus.

- 1. GE6075- Professional Ethics in Engineering
- 2. GE6351 Environmental Science and Engineering
- 3. MG6851- Principles of Management
- 4. GE6757- Total Quality Management
- 5. GE 6083- Disaster Management
- 6. GE6084- Human Rights
- 7. MG6071- Entrepreneurship Development
- 8. ME6003- Renewable Sources of Energy

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GE6075

PROFESSIONAL ETHICS IN ENGINEERING

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OBJECTIVES:

□ To enable the students to create an awareness on Engineering Ethics and Human Values, to instill Moral and Social Values and Loyalty and to appreciate the rights of others.

UNIT I HUMAN VALUES

10

Morals, values and Ethics - Integrity - Work ethic - Service learning - Civic virtue - Respect for others - Living peacefully - Caring - Sharing - Honesty - Courage - Valuing time - Cooperation - Commitment - Empathy - Self confidence - Character - Spirituality - Introduction to Yoga and meditation for professional excellence and stress management.

UNIT II ENGINEERING ETHICS

9

Senses of "Engineering Ethics" - Variety of moral issues - Types of inquiry - Moral dilemmas - Moral Autonomy - Kohlberg"s theory - Gilligan"s theory - Consensus and Controversy - Models of professional roles - Theories about right action - Self-interest - Customs and Religion - Uses of Ethical Theories

UNIT III ENGINEERING AS SOCIAL EXPERIMENTATION

9

Engineering as Experimentation - Engineers as responsible Experimenters - Codes of Ethics - A Balanced Outlook on Law.

UNIT IV SAFETY, RESPONSIBILITIES AND RIGHTS

9

Safety and Risk - Assessment of Safety and Risk - Risk Benefit Analysis and Reducing Risk - Respect for Authority - Collective Bargaining - Confidentiality - Conflicts of Interest - Occupational Crime - Professional Rights - Employee Rights - Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) - Discrimination

UNIT V GLOBAL ISSUES

8

Multinational Corporations - Environmental Ethics - Computer Ethics - Weapons Development - Engineers as Managers - Consulting Engineers - Engineers as Expert Witnesses and Advisors - Moral Leadership - Code of Conduct - Corporate Social Responsibility

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

□ Upon completion of the course, the student should be able to apply ethics in society, discuss the ethical issues related to engineering and realize the responsibilities and rights in the society

TEXTBOOKS:

 Mike W. Martin and Roland Schinzinger, "Ethics in Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2003.

 Govindarajan M, Natarajan S, Senthil Kumar V. S, "Engineering Ethics", Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2004.

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REFERENCES:

Charles B. Fleddermann, "Engineering Ethics", Pearson Prentice Hall, New Jersey, 2004.

 Charles E. Harris, Michael S. Pritchard and Michael J. Rabins, "Engineering Ethics - Concepts and Cases", Cengage Learning, 2009

3. John R Boatright, "Ethics and the Conduct of Business", Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2003

4. Edmund G Seebauer and Robert L Barry, "Fundametals of Ethics for Scientists and Engineers", Oxford University Press, Oxford, 2001

 Laura P. Hartman and Joe Desjardins, "Business Ethics: Decision Making for Personal Integrity and Social Responsibility" Mc Graw Hill education, India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi 2013.

World Community Service Centre, "Value Education", Vethathiri publications, Erode, 2011

Web sources:

1. www.onlineethics.org

2. www.nspe.org

3. www.globalethics.org

4. www.ethics.org

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OBJECTIVES:

To the study of nature and the facts about environment.

- To find and implement scientific, technological, economic and political solutions to environmental problems.
- · To study the interrelationship between living organism and environment.
- To appreciate the importance of environment by assessing its impact on the human world; envision the surrounding environment, its functions and its value.
- To study the dynamic processes and understand the features of the earth"s interior and surface.
- To study the integrated themes and biodiversity, natural resources, pollution control and waste management.

UNIT I ENVIRONMENT, ECOSYSTEMS AND BIODIVERSITY

1

Definition, scope and importance of Risk and hazards; Chemical hazards, Physical hazards, Biological hazards in the environment – concept of an ecosystem – structure and function of an ecosystem – producers, consumers and decomposers-Oxygen cycle and Nitrogen cycle – energy flow in the ecosystem – ecological succession processes – Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of the (a) forest ecosystem (b) grassland ecosystem (c) desert ecosystem (d) aquatic ecosystems (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries) – Introduction to biodiversity definition: genetic, species and ecosystem diversity – biogeographical classification of India – value of biodiversity: consumptive use, productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and option values – Biodiversity at global, national and local levels – India as a mega-diversity nation – hot-spots of biodiversity – threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts – endangered and endemic species of India – conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and ex-situ conservation of biodiversity. Field study of common plants, insects, birds Field study of simple ecosystems – pond, river, hill slopes, etc.

UNIT II ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION

10

Definition – causes, effects and control measures of: (a) Air pollution (Atmospheric chemistry- Chemical composition of the atmosphere; Chemical and photochemical reactions in the atmosphere - formation of smog, PAN, acid rain, oxygen and ozone chemistry; Mitigation procedures - Control of particulate and gaseous emission, Control of SO2, NOX, CO and HC) (b) Water pollution: Physical and chemical properties of terrestrial and marine water and their environmental significance; Water quality parameters – physical, chemical and biological; absorption of heavy metals - Water treatment processes. (c) Soil pollution - soil waste management: causes, effects and control measures of municipal solid wastes – (d) Marine pollution (e) Noise pollution (f) Thermal pollution (g) Nuclear hazards-role of an individual in prevention of pollution – pollution case studies – Field study of local polluted site – Urban / Rural / Industrial / Agricultural.

UNIT III NATURAL RESOURCES

10

Forest resources: Use and over-exploitation, deforestation, case studies- timber extraction, mining, dams and their effects on forests and tribal people – Water resources: Use and overutilization of surface and ground water, dams-benefits and problems – Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, case studies – Food resources: World food problems, changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing, effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticide problems, water logging, salinity, case studies – Energy resources: Growing energy needs, renewable and non renewable energy sources, use of alternate energy sources. Energy Conversion processes – Biogas – production and uses, anaerobic digestion; case studies – Land resources: Land as a resource, land

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degradation, man induced landslides, soil erosion and desertification - role of an individual in conservation of natural resources - Equitable use of resources

for sustainable lifestyles. Introduction to Environmental Biochemistry: Proteins -Biochemical degradation of pollutants, Bioconversion of pollutants. Field study of local area to document environmental assets river/forest/grassland/hill/mountain.

UNIT IV SOCIAL ISSUES AND THE ENVIRONMENT

From unsustainable to sustainable development - urban problems related to energy - water conservation, rain water harvesting, watershed management - resettlement and rehabilitation of people; its problems and concerns, case studies - role of non-governmental organization- environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions - 12 Principles of green chemistry- nuclear accidents and holocaust, case studies. - wasteland reclamation - consumerism and waste products - environment production act - Air act - Water act -Wildlife protection act - Forest conservation act -The Biomedical Waste (Management and Handling) Rules; 1998 and amendments- scheme of labeling of environmentally friendly products (Ecomark). enforcement machinery involved in environmental legislation- central and state pollution control boardsdisaster management: floods, earthquake, cyclone and landslides. Public awareness.

UNIT V HUMAN POPULATION AND THE ENVIRONMENT

6 Population growth, variation among nations – population explosion – family welfare programme – environment and human health - human rights - value education - HIV / AIDS - women and child welfare -Environmental impact analysis (EIA)- -GIS-remote sensing-role of information technology in environment and human health - Case studies.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Environmental Pollution or problems cannot be solved by mere laws. Public participation is an important aspect which serves the environmental Protection. One will obtain knowledge on the following after completing the course.

Public awareness of environment at infant stage.

Ignorance and incomplete knowledge has lead to misconceptions.

Development and improvement in standard of living has lead to serious environmental disasters.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Gilbert M.Masters, "Introduction to Environmental Engineering and Science", 2nd Edition, Pearson Education 2004. 2. Benny Joseph, "Environmental Science and Engineering", Tata Mc Graw-Hill, New Delhi, 2006.

REFERENCES:

 R.K. Trivedi, "Handbook of Environmental Laws, Rules, Guidelines, Compliances and Standard", Vol. I and II, Enviro Media.

2. Cunningham, W.P. Cooper, T.H. Gorhani, "Environmental Encyclopedia", Jaico Publ., House, Mumbai, 2001.

Dharmendra S. Sengar, "Environmental law", Prentice Hall of India PVT LTD, New Delhi, 2007.

Rajagopalan, R., "Environmental Studies-From Crisis tó Cure", Oxford University Press 2005.

K S R MISTITUTE FOR ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY. K. S. R. KALMIRAGAR. TIRUCHENGODE-637 215, HAMAKKAL OL TANGL HABUL

OBJECTIVES:

To enable the students to study the evolution of Management, to study the functions and principles of management and to learn the application of the principles in an organization.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO MANAGEMENT AND ORGANIZATIONS

Q

Definition of Management - Science or Art - Manager Vs Entrepreneur - types of managers -managerial roles and skills - Evolution of Management - Scientific, human relations, system and contingency approaches - Types of Business organization - Sole proprietorship, partnership, company-public and private sector enterprises - Organization culture and Environment - Current trends and issues in Management.

UNIT II PLANNING

9

Nature and purpose of planning – planning process – types of planning – objectives – setting objectives – policies – Planning premises – Strategic Management – Planning Tools and Techniques – Decision making steps and process.

UNIT III ORGANISING

9

Nature and purpose – Formal and informal organization – organization chart – organization structure – types – Line and staff authority – departmentalization – delegation of authority – centralization and decentralization – Job Design - Human Resource Management – HR Planning, Recruitment, selection, Training and Development, Performance Management, Career planning and management.

UNIT IV DIRECTING

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Foundations of individual and group behaviour - motivation - motivation theories - motivational techniques - job satisfaction - job enrichment - leadership - types and theories of leadership - communication - process of communication - barrier in communication - effective communication - communication and IT.

UNIT V CONTROLLING

9

System and process of controlling – budgetary and non-budgetary control techniques – use of computers and IT in Management control – Productivity problems and management – control and performance – direct and preventive control – reporting.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

□ Upon completion of the course, students will be able to have clear understanding of managerial functions like planning, organizing, staffing, leading & controlling and have same basic knowledge on international aspect of management

TEXTBOOKS:

- Stephen P. Robbins & Mary Coulter, "Management", 10th Edition, Prentice Hall (India) Pvt. Ltd., 2009.
- JAF Stoner, Freeman R.E and Daniel R Gilbert "Management", 6th Edition, Pearson Education, 2004.
 REFERENCES:
- Stephen A. Robbins & David A. Decenzo & Mary Coulter, "Fundamentals of Management" 7th Edition, Pearson Education, 2011.
- Robert Kreitner & Mamata Mohapatra, "Management", Biztantra, 2008.
- Harold Koontz & Heinz Weihrich "Essentials of management" Tata Mc Graw Hill, 1998.
- Tripathy PC & Reddy PN, "Principles of Management", Tata McGraw Hill, 1999.

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KAMAKAALDI, TAMIL MADU.

OBJECTIVE:

□ Tofacilitate the understanding of Quality Management principles and process.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Introduction - Need for quality - Evolution of quality - Definitions of quality - Dimensions of product and service quality - Basic concepts of TQM - TQM Framework - Contributions of Deming, Juran and Crosby - Barriers to TQM - Quality statements - Customer focus - Customer orientation, Customer satisfaction, Customer complaints, Customer retention - Costs of quality.

UNIT II TOM PRINCIPLES

Leadership - Strategic quality planning, Quality Councils - Employee involvement - Motivation, Empowerment, Team and Teamwork, Quality circles Recognition and Reward, Performance appraisal -Continuous process improvement - PDCA cycle, 5S, Kaizen - Supplier partnership - Partnering, Supplier selection, Supplier Rating.

UNIT III TQM TOOLS AND TECHNIQUES I

The seven traditional tools of quality - New management tools - Six sigma: Concepts, Methodology, applications to manufacturing, service sector including IT - Bench marking - Reason to bench mark, Bench marking process - FMEA - Stages, Types.

UNIT IV TOM TOOLS AND TECHNIQUES II

Control Charts - Process Capability - Concepts of Six Sigma - Quality Function Development (QFD) -Taguchi quality loss function - TPM - Concepts, improvement needs - Performance measures.

UNIT V QUALITY SYSTEMS

Need for ISO 9000 - ISO 9001-2008 Quality System - Elements, Documentation, Quality Auditing - QS 9000 - ISO 14000 - Concepts, Requirements and Benefits - TQM Implementation in manufacturing and service sectors.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

□ The student would be able to apply the tools and techniques of quality management to manufacturing and services processes.

TEXTBOOK:

1. Dale H. Besterfiled, et at., "Total quality Management", Pearson Education Asia, Third Edition, Indian Reprint 2006.

REFERENCES:

1. James R. Evans and William M. Lindsay, "The Management and Control of Quality", 8th Edition, First Indian Edition, Cengage Learning, 2012.

Suganthi.L and Anand Samuel, "Total Quality Management", Prentice Hall (India) Pvt. Ltd., 2006.

3. Janakiraman. B and Gopal .R.K., "Total Quality Management - Text and Cases", Prentice Hall (India) Pvt. Ltd., 2006.

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OBJECTIVES:

□ To provide students an exposure to disasters, their significance and types.
 □ To ensure that students begin to understand the relationship between vulnerability, disasters, disaster prevention and risk reduction
 □ Togain a preliminary understanding of approaches of Disaster Risk Reduction (DRR)
 □ To enhance awareness of institutional processes in the country and □ To develop rudimentary ability to respond to their surroundings with potential disaster response in areas where they live, with due sensitivity

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO DISASTERS

9

Definition: Disaster, Hazard, Vulnerability, Resilience, Risks — Disasters: Types of disasters — Earthquake, Landslide, Flood, Drought, Fire etc - Classification, Causes, Impacts including social, economic, political, environmental, health, psychosocial, etc.- Differential impacts- in terms of caste, class, gender, age, location, disability - Global trends in disasters: urban disasters, pandemics, complex emergencies, Climate change- Dos and Don'ts during various types of Disasters.

UNIT II APPROACHES TO DISASTER RISK REDUCTION (DRR)

9

Disaster cycle - Phases, Culture of safety, prevention, mitigation and preparedness community based DRR, Structural- nonstructural measures, Roles and responsibilities of- community, Panchayati Raj Institutions/Urban Local Bodies (PRIs/ULBs), States, Centre, and other stake-holders- Institutional Processess and Framework at State and Central Level- State Disaster Management Authority(SDMA) – Early Warning System – Advisories from Appropriate Agencies.

UNIT III INTER-RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN DISASTERS AND DEVELOPMENT

9

Factors affecting Vulnerabilities, differential impacts, impact of Development projects such as dams, embankments, changes in Land-use etc.- Climate Change Adaptation- IPCC Scenario and Scenarios in the context of India - Relevance of indigenous knowledge, appropriate technology and local resources.

UNIT IV DISASTER RISK MANAGEMENT IN INDIA

9

Hazard and Vulnerability profile of India, Components of Disaster Relief: Water, Food, Sanitation, Shelter, Health, Waste Management, Institutional arrangements (Mitigation, Response and Preparedness, Disaster Management Act and Policy - Other related policies, plans, programmes and legislation - Role of GIS and Information Technology Components in Preparedness, Risk Assessment, Response and Recovery Phases of Disaster - Disaster Damage Assessment.

UNIT V DISASTER MANAGEMENT: APPLICATIONS AND CASE STUDIES AND FIELD WORKS 9

Landslide Hazard Zonation: Case Studies, Earthquake Vulnerability Assessment of Buildings and Infrastructure: Case Studies, Drought Assessment: Case Studies, Coastal Flooding: Storm Surge Assessment, Floods: Fluvial and Pluvial Flooding: Case Studies; Forest Fire: Case Studies, Man Made disasters: Case Studies, Space Based Inputs for Disaster Mitigation and Management and field works related to disaster management.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

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OUTCOMES:

T	he students will be able to
	Differentiate the types of disasters, causes and their impact on environment and society
	Assess vulnerability and various methods of risk reduction measures as well as mitigation.
	Draw the hazard and vulnerability profile of India, Scenarious in the Indian context, Disaster damage
	ssessment and management

TEXTBOOK:

- Singhal J.P. "Disaster Management", Laxmi Publications, 2010. ISBN-10: 9380386427 ISBN-13: 978-9380386423
- Tushar Bhattacharya, "Disaster Science and Management", McGraw Hill India Education Pvt. Ltd., 2012. ISBN-10: 1259007367, ISBN-13: 978-1259007361]
- Gupta Anil K, Sreeja S. Nair. Environmental Knowledge for Disaster Risk Management, NIDM, New Delhi, 2011
- Kapur Anu Vulnerable India: A Geographical Study of Disasters, IIAS and Sage Publishers, New Delhi, 2010.

REFERENCES

- 1. Govt. of India: Disaster Management Act, Government of India, New Delhi, 2005
- Government of India, National Disaster Management Policy, 2009.

ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY,

R. S. R. HALLY MAGAR,

TIRUCHENGODS-637 215,

NAMAKKAL DI, YAMIL MADU.

OBJECTIVES :

To sensitize the Engineering students to various aspects of Human Rights.

Human Rights - Meaning, origin and Development. Notion and classification of Rights - Natural, Moral and Legal Rights. Civil and Political Rights, Economic, Social and Cultural Rights; collective / Solidarity Rights.

UNIT II

Evolution of the concept of Human Rights Magana carta - Geneva convention of 1864. Universal Declaration of Human Rights, 1948. Theories of Human Rights.

UNIT III

Theories and perspectives of UN Laws - UN Agencies to monitor and compliance.

Human Rights in India - Constitutional Provisions / Guarantees.

UNIT V Human Rights of Disadvantaged People - Women, Children, Displaced persons and Disabled persons, including Aged and HIV Infected People. Implementation of Human Rights - National and State Human

Rights Commission - Judiciary - Role of NGO"s, Media, Educational Institutions, Social Movements.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Engineering students will acquire the basic knowledge of human rights.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Kapoor S.K., "Human Rights under International law and Indian Laws", Central Law Agency, Allahabad, 2014.
- Chandra U., "Human Rights", Allahabad Law Agency, Allahabad, 2014.
- Upendra Baxi, The Future of Human Rights, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.

ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY. K. S. R. KALVI NAGAR. TIPUCHENGODE-637 215, WAMAKKAL DI, TAMIL NADU.

OBJECTIVE:

To develop and strengthen entrepreneurial quality and motivation in students and to impart basic entrepreneurial skills and understanding to run a business efficiently and effectively.

UNIT I ENTREPRENEURSHIP

Entrepreneur - Types of Entrepreneurs - Difference between Entrepreneur and Intrapreneur Entrepreneurship in Economic Growth, Factors Affecting Entrepreneurial Growth.

UNIT II MOTIVATION

Major Motives Influencing an Entrepreneur - Achievement Motivation Training, Self Rating, Business Games, Thematic Apperception Test - Stress Management, Entrepreneurship Development Programs - Need, Objectives.

UNIT III BUSINESS

Small Enterprises - Definition, Classification - Characteristics, Ownership Structures - Project Formulation - Steps involved in setting up a Business - identifying, selecting a Good Business opportunity, Market Survey and Research, Techno Economic Feasibility Assessment - Preparation of Preliminary Project Reports - Project Appraisal - Sources of Information - Classification of Needs and Agencies.

UNIT IV FINANCING AND ACCOUNTING

Need - Sources of Finance, Term Loans, Capital Structure, Financial Institution, Management of working Capital, Costing, Break Even Analysis, Taxation - Income Tax, Excise Duty - Sales Tax.

UNIT V SUPPORT TO ENTREPRENEURS

Sickness in small Business - Concept, Magnitude, Causes and Consequences, Corrective Measures-Business Incubators - Government Policy for Small Scale Enterprises - Growth Strategies in small industry - Expansion, Diversification, Joint Venture, Merger and Sub Contracting.

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to gain knowledge and skills needed to run a business successfully. TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXTBOOKS:

S.S.Khanka, "Entrepreneurial Development" S.Chand & Co. Ltd., Ram Nagar, New Delhi, 2013.

 Donald F Kuratko, "Entreprenuership – Theory, Process and Practice", 9th edition, Cengage Learning 2014.

REFERENCES:

Hisrich R D, Peters M P, "Entrepreneurship" 8th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2013.

2. Mathew J Manimala, "Entrepreneurship Theory at Cross Roads: paradigms and Praxis", 2nd Edition

Rajeev Roy, "Entrepreneurship" 2nd edition, Oxford University Press, 2011.

4. EDII "Faulty and External Experts - A Hand Book for New Entrepreneurs Publishers: Entrepreneurship Development", Institute of India, Ahmadabad, 1986 DIECHNOLOGY.

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RENEWABLE SOURCES OF ENERGY

ME6003

OBJECTIVES:

□ □ At the end of the course, the students are expected to identify the newmethodologies / technologies for effective utilization of renewable energy sources.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9

World Energy Use — Reserves of Energy Resources — Environmental Aspects of Energy Utilisation — Renewable Energy Scenario in Tamil nadu, India and around the World — Potentials - Achievements / Applications — Economics of renewable energy systems.

UNIT II SOLAR ENERGY

.

Solar Radiation – Measurements of Solar Radiation - Flat Plate and Concentrating Collectors – Solar direct Thermal Applications – Solar thermal Power Generation - Fundamentals of Solar Photo VoltaicConversion – Solar Cells – Solar PV Power Generation – Solar PV Applications.

UNIT III WIND ENERGY

9

Wind Data and Energy Estimation - Types of Wind Energy Systems - Performance - Site Selection - Details of Wind Turbine Generator - Safety and Environmental Aspects

UNIT IV BIO - ENERGY

9

Biomass direct combustion - Biomass gasifiers - Biogas plants - Digesters - Ethanol production - Bio diesel - Cogeneration - Biomass Applications

UNIT V OTHER RENEWABLE ENERGY SOURCES

9

Tidal energy - Wave Energy - Open and Closed OTEC Cycles - Small Hydro-Geothermal Energy - Hydrogen and Storage - Fuel Cell Systems - Hybrid Systems.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

□ Upon completion of this course, the students can able to identify the new methodologies /technologies for effective utilization of renewable energy sources.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Rai. G.D., "Non Conventional Energy Sources", Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 2011.
- Twidell, J.W. & Weir, A., "Renewable Energy Sources", EFN Spon Ltd., UK, 2006.

REFERENCES:

- Sukhatme, S.P., "Solar Energy", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd., New Delhi, 1997.
- 2. Godfrey Boyle, "Renewable Energy, Power for a Sustainable Future", Oxford University Press, U.K., 1996.
- Tiwari. G.N., Solar Energy "Fundamentals Design, Modelling & Applications", Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 2002.
- 4. Freris. L.L., "Wind Energy Conversion Systems", Prentice Hall, UK, 1990.
- 5. Johnson Gary, L. "Wind Energy Systems", Prentice Hall, New York, 1985
- David M. Mousdale "Introduction to Biofuels", CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group, USA 2010
- Chetan Singh Solanki, Solar Photovoltaics, "Fundamentals, Technologies and Applications",
 PHI Learning Private Limited, New Delhi, 2009.

ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY,
I'RUCHENGODE-637 215,
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- 4. R2008 List of courses address the Ethics, Gender, Human Values, Environmental Sustainability and Syllabus.
- 1. GE2025-Professional Ethics in Engineering
- 2. GE2021- Environmental Science and Engineering
- 3. MG2351 Principles of Management
- 4. GE2022 Total Quality Management
- 5. GE2071- Intellectual Property Rights
- 6. ME2023 Renewable Sources of Energy

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UNIT I ENGINEERING ETHICS

9

Senses of 'Engineering Ethics' - Variety of moral issues - Types of inquiry - Moral dilemmas - Moral Autonomy - Kohlberg's theory - Gilligan's theory - Consensus and Controversy - Professions and Professionalism - Professional Ideals and Virtues - Uses of Ethical Theories

UNIT II ENGINEERING AS SOCIAL EXPERIMENTATION

9

Engineering as Experimentation - Engineers as responsible Experimenters - Research Ethics - Codes of Ethics - Industrial Standards - A Balanced Outlook on Law - The Challenger Case Study

UNIT III ENGINEER'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR SAFETY

9

Safety and Risk - Assessment of Safety and Risk - Risk Benefit Analysis - Reducing Risk - The Government Regulator's Approach to Risk - Chernobyl Case Studies and Bhopal

UNIT IV RESPONSIBILITIES AND RIGHTS

9

Collegiality and Loyalty - Respect for Authority - Collective Bargaining - Confidentiality - Conflicts of Interest - Occupational Crime - Professional Rights - Employee Rights - Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) - Discrimination

UNIT V GLOBAL ISSUES

9

Multinational Corporations - Business Ethics - Environmental Ethics - Computer Ethics - Role in Technological Development - Weapons Development - Engineers as Managers - Consulting Engineers -Engineers as Expert Witnesses and Advisors - Honesty - Moral Leadership - Sample Code of Conduct

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

Mike Martin and Roland Schinzinger, "Ethics in Engineering", McGraw Hill, New York, 2005.

 Charles E Harris, Michael S Pritchard and Michael J Rabins, "Engineering Ethics - Concepts and Cases", Thompson Learning, 2000.

REFERENCES:

Charles D Fleddermann, "Engineering Ethics", Prentice Hall, New Mexico, 1999.

John R Boatright, "Ethics and the Conduct of Business", Pearson Education, 2003

 Edmund G Seebauer and Robert L Barry, "Fundamentals of Ethics for Scientists and Engineers", Oxford University Press, 2001.

 Prof. (Col) P S Bajaj and Dr. Raj Agrawal, "Business Ethics - An Indian Perspective", Biztantra, New Delhi, 2004.

5. David Ermann and Michele S Shauf, "Computers, Ethics and Society", Oxford University Press, (2003)

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AIM

The aim of this course is to create awareness in every engineering graduate about the importance
of environment, the effect of technology on the environment and ecological balance and make
them sensitive to the environment problems in every professional Endeavour that they participates.

OBJECTIVE

☐ At the end of this course the student is expected to understand what constitutes the environment, what are precious resources in the environment, how to conserve these resources, what is the role of a human being in maintaining a clean environment and useful environment for the future generations and how to maintain ecological balance and preserve bio-diversity. The role of government and nongovernment organization in environment managements.

UNIT I ENVIRONMENT, ECOSYSTEMS AND BIODIVERSITY

.

Definition, scope and importance of environment – need for public awareness – concept of an ecosystem – structure and function of an ecosystem – producers, consumers and decomposers – energy flow in the ecosystem – ecological succession – food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids – Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of the (a) forest ecosystem (b) grassland ecosystem (c) desert ecosystem (d) aquatic ecosystems (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries) –Introduction to biodiversity definition: genetic, species and ecosystem diversity – biogeographical classification of India – value of biodiversity: consumptive use, productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and option values – Biodiversity at global, national and local levels – India as a mega-diversity nation – hot-spots of biodiversity – threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts – endangered and endemic species of India – conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and exsit uconservation of biodiversity. Field study of common plants, insects, birds Field study of simple ecosystems – pond, river, hill slopes, etc.

UNIT II ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION

5

Definition – causes, effects and control measures of: (a) Air pollution (b) Water pollution (c) Soil pollution (d) Marine pollution (e) Noise pollution (f) Thermal pollution (g) Nuclear hazards – solid waste management: causes, effects and control measures of municipal solid wastes – role of an individual in prevention of pollution – pollution case studies – disaster management: floods, earthquake, cyclone and landslides. Field study of local polluted site – Urban / Rural / Industrial / Agricultural.

UNIT III NATURAL RESOURCES

10

Forest resources: Use and over-exploitation, deforestation, case studies- timber extraction, mining, dams and their effects on forests and tribal people — Water resources: Use and over-utilization of surface and ground water, floods, drought, conflicts over water, dams-benefits and problems — Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, case studies — Food resources: World food problems, changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing, effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticide problems, water logging, salinity, case studies — Energy resources: Growing energy needs, renewable and non renewable energy sources, use of alternate energy sources. case studies — Landresources: Land as a resource, land degradation, man induced landslides, soil erosion and desertification — role of an individual in conservation of natural resources — Equitable use of resources for sustainable lifestyles. Field study of local area to document environmental assets — river / forest / grassland / hill / mountain.

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UNIT IV SOCIAL ISSUES AND THE ENVIRONMENT

From unsustainable to sustainable development - urban problems related to energy - water conservation, rain water harvesting, watershed management - resettlement and rehabilitation of people; its problems and concerns, case studies - role of nongovernmental organization- environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions - climate change, global warming, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, nuclear accidents and holocaust, case studies. - wasteland reclamation - consumerism and waste products - environment protection act - Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) act - Water (Prevention and control of Pollution) act - Wildlife protection act - Forest conservation act - enforcement machinery involved in environmental legislation- central and state pollution control boards- Public awareness.

UNIT V HUMAN POPULATION AND THE ENVIRONMENT

Population growth, variation among nations - population explosion - family welfare programme environment and human health - human rights - value education - HIV / AIDS - women and child welfare - role of information technology in environment and human health - Case studies.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Gilbert M.Masters, 'Introduction to Environmental Engineering and Science', 2ndedition, Pearson Education (2004).

Benny Joseph, 'Environmental Science and Engineering', Tata McGraw-Hill, NewDelhi, (2006).

REFERENCES BOOKS:

1. R.K. Trivedi, 'Handbook of Environmental Laws, Rules, Guidelines, Compliances and Standards', Vol. I and II, Enviro Media.

Cunningham, W.P. Cooper, T.H. Gorhani, 'Environmental Encyclopedia', Jaico Publ., House, Mumbai, 2001.

Dharmendra S. Sengar, 'Environmental law', Prentice hall of India PVT LTD, New Delhi, 2007.

Rajagopalan, R, 'Environmental Studies-From Crisis to Cure', Oxford University Press (2005)

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OBJECTIVE

- Knowledge on the principles of management is essential for all kinds of people in all kinds of organizations.
- After studying this course, students will be able to have a clear understanding of the managerial functions like planning, organizing, staffing, leading and controlling.
- Students will also gain some basic knowledge on international aspect of management.

UNIT I OVERVIEW OF MANAGEMENT

9

Organization - Management - Role of managers - Evolution of Management thought - Organization and the environmental factors - Managing globally - Strategies for International Business.

UNIT II PLANNING

0

Nature and Purpose planning – Planning process – Types of plans – Objectives –Managing by objective (MBO) Strategies – Types of strategies – Policies – DecisionMaking – Types of decision – Decision Making Process -Rational Decision Making Process – Decision Making under different conditions.

UNIT III ORGANISING

0

Nature and purpose of organizing — Organization structure — Formal and informal groups / organization — Line and Staff authority — Departmentation — Span of Control — Centralization and Decentralization — Delegation of authority — Staffing — Selection and Recruitment — Orientation Career Development — Career stages — Training — Performance Appraisal.

UNIT IV DIRECTING

0

Creativity and Innovation – Motivation and Satisfaction – Motivation Theories Leadership – Leadership theories – Communication – Hurdles to effective communication – Organization Culture – Elements and types of culture – Managing cultural diversity

UNIT V CONTROLLING

9

Process of controlling - Types of control - Budgetary and non-budgetary control techniques - Managing Productivity - Cost Control - Purchase Control - MaintenanceControl - Quality Control - Planning operations.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Stephen P. Robbins and Mary Coulter, 'Management', Prentice Hall of India, 8thedition.
- Charles W.L Hill, Steven L McShane, 'Principles of Management', Mcgraw Hill Education, Special Indian Edition, 2007.

REFERENCES:

- Hellriegel, Slocum & Jackson, 'Management A Competency Based Approach', Thomson South Western, 10th edition, 2007.
- Harold Koontz, Heinz Weihrich and mark V Cannice, 'Management A global & Entrepreneurial Perspective', Tata Mcgraw Hill, 12th edition, 2007.
- Andrew J. Dubrin, 'Essentials of Management', Thomson Southwestern, 7th edition, 2007.

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UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9

Introduction - Need for quality - Evolution of quality - Definition of quality - Dimensions of manufacturing and service quality - Basic concepts of TQM - Definition of TQM - TQM Framework - Contributions of Deming, Juran and Crosby - Barriers to TQM.

UNIT II TOM PRINCIPLES

9

Leadership - Strategic quality planning, Quality statements - Customer focus - Customer orientation, Customer satisfaction, Customer complaints, Customer retention - Employee involvement - Motivation, Empowerment, Team and Teamwork, Recognitionand Reward, Performance appraisal - Continuous process improvement - PDSA cycle,5s, Kaizen - Supplier partnership - Partnering, Supplier selection, Supplier Rating.

UNIT III TOM TOOLS & TECHNIQUES I

-

The seven traditional tools of quality - New management tools - Six-sigma: Concepts, methodology, applications to manufacturing, service sector including IT - Bench marking - Reason to bench mark, Bench marking process - FMEA - Stages, Types.

UNIT IV TQM TOOLS & TECHNIQUES II

9

Quality circles - Quality Function Deployment (QFD) - Taguchi quality loss function - TPM - Concepts, improvement needs - Cost of Quality - Performance measures.

UNIT V QUALITY SYSTEMS

9

Need for ISO 9000- ISO 9000-2000 Quality System - Elements, Documentation, Quality auditing- QS 9000 - ISO 14000 - Concepts, Requirements and Benefits - Case studies of TQM implementation in manufacturing and service sectors including IT.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOK:

 Dale H.Besterfiled, et at., "Total Quality Management", Pearson Education Asia, Third Edition, Indian Reprint (2006).

REFERENCES:

- James R. Evans and William M. Lindsay, "The Management and Control of Quality", 6th Edition, South-Western (Thomson Learning), 2005.
- Oakland, J.S. "TQM Text with Cases", Butterworth Heinemann Ltd., Oxford, 3rdEdition, 2003.
- Suganthi, L and Anand Samuel, "Total Quality Management", Prentice Hall (India) Pvt. Ltd., 2006.
 Janakiraman, B and Gopal, R.K., "Total Quality Management Text and Cases",

Prentice Hall (India) Pvt. Ltd., 2006.

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UNIT I 5

Introduction - Invention and Creativity - Intellectual Property (IP) - Importance -Protection of IPR - Basic types of property (i). Movable Property ii. Immovable Property and iii. Intellectual Property.

UNIT II 10

IP - Patents - Copyrights and related rights - Trade Marks and rights arising from Trademark registration
 Definitions - Industrial Designs and Integrated circuits - Protection of Geographical Indications at national and International levels - Application Procedures.

UNIT III

Interpotional convention relating to Intellectual Property - Establishment of WIPO-Mission and

International convention relating to Intellectual Property - Establishment of WIPO-Mission and Activities - History - General Agreement on Trade and Tariff (GATT).

UNIT IV 10

Indian Position Vs WTO and Strategies - Indian IPR legislations - commitments to WTO-Patent Ordinance and the Bill - Draft of a national Intellectual Property Policy - Present against unfair competition.

UNIT V

Case Studies on - Patents (Basumati rice, turmeric, Neem, etc.) - Copyright and related rights - Trade

Marks - Industrial design and Integrated circuits - Geographic indications - Protection against unfair competition.

TOTAL: 45 PERIDOS

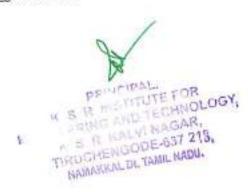
TOTAL: 45 FERIDOS

TEXT BOOKS:

 Subbaram N.R. "Handbook of Indian Patent Law and Practice", S. Viswanathan Printers and Publishers Pvt. Ltd., 1998.

REFERENCES:

- Eli Whitney, United States Patent Number: 72X, Cotton Gin, March 14, 1794.
- Intellectual Property Today: Volume 8, No. 5, May 2001, [www.iptoday.com].
- Using the Internet for non-patent prior art searches, Derwent IP Matters, July 2000. www.ipmatters.net/features/000707 gibbs.html.



AIM:

To instruct the importance of renewable energy and its utilization for the thermal and electrical energy needs and also the environmental aspects of these resources.

OBJECTIVES:

- At the end of the course, the student expected to do
- Understand and analyze the pattern of renewable energy resources Suggest methodologies / technologies for its utilization.
- Economics of the utilization and environmental merits

UNIT I SOLAR ENERGY

Solar Radiation - Measurements of solar Radiation and sunshine - Solar Thermal Collectors - Flat Plate and Concentrating Collectors - Solar Applications - fundamentals of photo Voltaic Conversion - solar Cells -PV Systems - PV Applications.

UNIT II WIND ENERGY

Wind Data and Energy Estimation - wind Energy Conversion Systems - Wind Energy generators and its performance - Wind Energy Storage - Applications - Hybrid systems.

UNIT III BIO - ENERGY

Biomass, Biogas, Source, Composition, Technology for utilization - Biomass direct combustion - Biomass gasifier - Biogas plant - Digesters - Ethanol production - Bio diesel production and economics.

UNIT IV OTEC, TODAL, GEOTHERMAL AND HYDEL ENERGY

Tidal energy - Wave energy - Data, Technology options - Open and closed OTEC Cycles - Small hydro, turbines - Geothermal energy sources, power plant and environmental issues.

UNIT V NEW ENERGY SOURCES

Hydrogen, generation, storage, transport and utilization, Applications : power generation, transport - Fuel cells - technologies, types - economics and the power generation

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOK:

- G.D. Rai, Non Conventional Energy Sources, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 1999.
- S.P. Sukhatme, Solar Energy, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd., New Delhi, 1997.

REFERENCES:

- Godfrey Boyle, Renewable Energy, Power for a Sustainable Future, Oxford University Press, U.K., 1996.
- Twidell, J.W. & Weir, A., Renewable Energy Sources, EFN Spon Ltd., UK, 1986.
- G.N. Tiwari, solar Energy Fundamentals Design, Modelling and applications, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 2002.

L.L. Freris, Wind Energy Conversion systems, Prentice Hall, UK, 1990.

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Tree plantation by students













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Flood Relief Camp at Koodalur











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Participated in GramaSabha Meetings

Number of Student/Faculty involvement: Student 10 / Faculty 5

Interaction with Local government official: Panchayat President, Counsellor, Ward Member

Topics Discussed:

The following topics are discussed in grama sabha meeting for the benefit of the village people

- > Road Facility
- > Recreation Water Facility and storage
- Public Toilets
- > Drainage capacity and cleanliness
- > Electricity conservation
- > Agriculture with Technology
- > Transportation
- > Waste management
- Organic farming
- > Socioeconomic upliftment of rural women
- > Basic amenities in middle school

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Awareness Rally for Plastic Ban



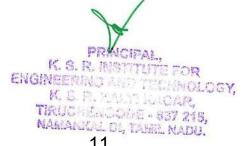


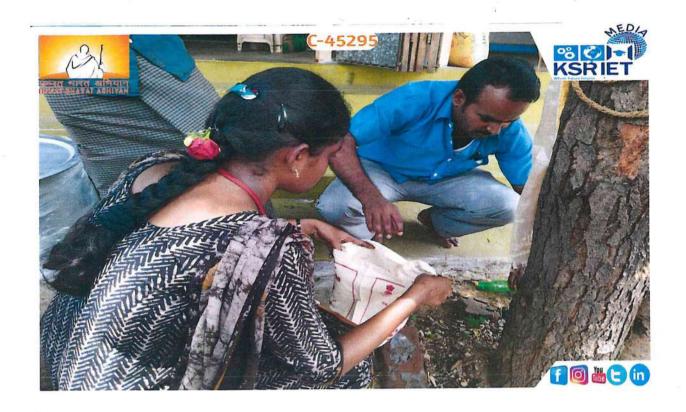
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Swachh Bharath Activities in nearby villages













Awareness on Swachh Bharath at schools in nearby villages

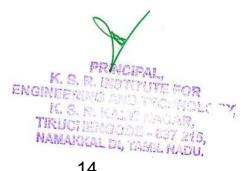












Food packets Distribution during COVID-19



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